The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MAY 9, 1907. NO. 18.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS

AT THE

Farmers National Bank.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

OUR POLICY

Absolute Safety, with Satisfactory Service.

Hazardous or Speculative Business, Earnestly Discouraged.

On This Basis We Invite Business.

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier. A. Z. Schoch, President.

The Right Kind of a Boy!

THE RIGHT KIND OF CLOTHES.

Of course there is a right kind of a Boy—just as there is the right kind of a Suit to put him in. The right kind of a Boy doesn't want to bother too much about his clothes after he has them on. He doesn't want the seams to rip when he slides down the banisters, plays leap frog or jumps hitching posts.

Our Spring and Summer Garments for the Boy's wear are ready and we particularly request Mothers to come to see how well we can dress the Boy in a good looking, stylish, durable Suit at a moderate cost.

We've every cut of Suit that's right and our prices run, in sizes from 8 to 15 years, something like this

$3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 to $10.00.

If this store has a specialty, it is Clothing Boys rightly, handsomely, and economically.

3 FOR 1

Trading Stamps---Friday and Saturday.

BEN GIDDING

Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher.

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

OPINIONS FILED.

On Monday Judge Evans filed opinions in the following cases:

Frank Wardon vs. D. L. & W. R. R. Co. Claim of $145 for damages to wagon and fright to team for car running into his wagon last October. Exception sustained and judgment reversed.

E. B. Gilpin vs. J. J. Robinson. In equity. Demurrer overruled; injunction continued, and the defendant is required to answer the bill within 30 days from this date, in default whereof the bill shall be taken against him pro confesso, and the matter thereof proceded in and decreed accordingly.

Appeal by tax payers from report of county auditors for 1905. The court delivered a lengthy opinion, concluding with the following order:

"And now, May 6, 1907, the rule on W. H. Fisher, George W. Sterner, and William Bogart to show cause why issues should not be granted to try and determine whether or not the auditors of Columbia County erred in allowing said respondents credit in their report of the audit settlement and adjustment of the account of said respondents as Commissioners of said county for the year 1905 is made absolute, on condition that within 20 days from this date the appellants perfect their appeal by filing a recognizance to be approved by the Court that upon filing of same that an issue is framed between Columbia County, plaintiff, and W. H. Fisher, G. W. Sterner and Wm. Bogart, defendants, to try and determine the issues of fact raised by the appellants in their petition of July 23, 1906, and in the petition of Columbia County filed Aug. 6, 1906. Said issues to be submitted to the Court for approval, otherwise the said rule at the expiration of said period to become at once discharged.

Commonwealth vs. Bessie Harrison.

Sur rule to set aside verdict as to costs. This was a case in which the jury placed the costs on the prosecutor who was an officer of the D. L. and W. Railroad Co. The Court in disposing of the case concluded his opinion by stating that he was of the opinion that the jury properly disposed of the costs in the case. "And now May 6, 1907, rule discharged.

Eliza E. Fowler's use vs. Samuel Klase. Rule to open judgment. Rule made absolute.

MUSICALE.

A musicale under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary will be held in the Parish House this evening. An excellent program has been arranged. The following well known musicians will take part: Soprano, Miss Letson; Harp, Miss Anna Creasy; Piano, Mrs. Karl F. Wirt; Violin, Mr. Gines Escanaverino; Flute, Mr. Karl F. Wirt; Baritone, Mr. Robert Voris; Indian club exercises, Miss Comstock.

This will be a very pleasant entertainment, and as the price has been fixed very low, there ought to be a full house. Adults, 25 cents; children under 15 years, 15 cents.

FURNITURE COMPANY ELECTION

The annual stockholders' meeting of the North Branch Furniture Company was held Tuesday when the following named officers were elected; Directors, B. W. Jury, J. R. Montgomery, F. W. Redeker, C. C. Peacock, L. N. Moyer, W. J. Correll, Samuel McKamey; president, J. R. Montgomery; secretary and treasurer, F. W. Redeker.

BLOOMSBURG CHORAL SOCIETY

Will Sing Cantata. "Daughter of Jairus," in Normal Auditorium.

A musical event of some note will take place next Monday evening when the Bloomsburg choral society will sing Stainer's beautiful cantata, "Daughter of Jairus."

A chorus of sixty of Bloomsburg's best vocal talent is rehearsing for the cantata, in addition to which there will be an orchestral accompaniment of 20 pieces. The cantata requires only three soloists and these parts will be sung by William T. Gould, Williamsport's best tenor, John R. Heim, baritone, of Williamsport and Miss Rosa Vollrath, soprano, of Bloomsburg.

The cantata is being directed by Bloomsburg's talented young musician, Charles O. Skeer. All the profits of the entertainment are to be donated to the Bloomsburg public library.

FIREMEN AT CHURCH.

The Bloomsburg Fire Department attended services at the Baptist church on Sunday evening. That is 46 members out of 400 or more, were there. Rev. G. R. Smith preached an excellent sermon.

It has been the custom for some years for the firemen to go to church once a year in a body, usually by special invitation of one of the churches.

The invitation this year came from the Baptist church, but only about one tenth of the department responded. The firemen are evidently better at getting to fires than going tb church. With this sort of appreciation the other churches will probably be a little slow in inviting them hereafter.

SWIFT JUSTICE.

George Edgar and John Nevil broke into the Exchange Hotel last Thursday night and stole some whiskey. They also stole some old metal and other things from the American Seating Co. plant. They were arrested on Friday, and on Monday they were indicted, tried on Tuesday and sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory.

Edgar is 17 years old, and Nevil is 15. They pleaded guilty to larceny, and the count for burglary was nol. prosed. Judge Evans gave them some good advice when sentencing them.

CHORAL SOCIETY CONCERT.

The sale of tickets for the concert by the Choral Society, led by Prof. Chas. O. Skeer, began on Tuesday at Bidleman's. The oratorio of Jairus' Daughter will be given, and those who have heard it say that it is a splendid production. It will be given in the Normal Auditorium on Monday, May 13th. An excellent orchestra will accompany the Society.

THE TOWN TREASURY.

The Town Treasurer's report for the month is as follows: To amount received from Robbins on duplicate of 1905, $110; from Robbins on duplicate of 1906, $125.19; to balance received from former treasurer, $3674; from tax on coupon, $1.00; total $3910.19.

By amount paid on orders of May 2, $1937.77; orders of May 6, $137.95; total $2077.78, balance in bank $1832.47.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The regular session of May court opened on Monday morning at ten o'clock. Judge Evans and Associates on the bench.

When the constables' returns were called for, these officers of the various boroughs and townships came forward and answered. No violations of the law were reported except that Miles Betz, constable of Bloomsburg returned that Lizzie Earhart is keeping a bawdy house on East Seventh street. The court directed the officer to enter the names of witnesses on his return, and directed the District attorney to prepare an indictment.

Fred Ikeler, Esq., filed appeals by the Lehigh Valley Coal Company from the assessments on their barren lands by the county commissioners.

The grand jury made the following returns on Monday.

Com. vs. Neikles Blace, assault and battery with intent to kill; true bill.

Com. vs. John Meluccia, carrying concealed deadly weapons; true bill.

Com. vs. Robt. Horne, f. and b.; true bill.

Com. vs. Alex. Meluccia and Aneillo Repo, assault and battery; true bill.

Com. vs. F. E. Witmer, assault and battery; true bill.

Upon motion of District Attorney Small nol. pros. were allowed in the following cases upon the payment of costs:

Com. vs. L. M. McDonald, carrying concealed weapons.

Com. vs. Barney Rosenthal, larceny and receiving stolen goods.

Com. vs. W. B. Taylor, non-support.

Com. vs. Charles Johnson, conspiracy.

Com. vs. M. J. Harris, carrying concealed deadly weapons.

Com. vs. Ramilla, larceny.

Com. vs. Eckard et al., assault and battery.

In the cases of Com. vs. Robert Keeler, Stanley Gross and Kostenbauder, the costs were paid and parties satisfied. Court said nol. pros. would be allowed if the poor district in which the prosecutrix resided had been protected.

Other routine business was as follows:

Report of re viewers against road in Cleveland township, confirmed nisi.

Petition signed by 25 citizens presented for the appointment of a deputy constable in Montour township. Charles Geese appointed.

Report of sale in the estate of Edward Moyer, late of Catawissa, confirmed nisi.

In estate of Julia Ann Vandine, late of Millville, report of inquest confirmed nisi.

The list of Grand Jurors was called and all were present. Four, Robert Harder, John McAnall, Charles Hall, and Wm. Kline were excused. J. W. Fortner, of Centralia, was appointed foreman and H. D. Manning tip staff, and the Court proceeded to charge the Grand Jury.

In the estate of James McMahon, deceased, proceedings in partition were withdrawn upon petition presented by B. F. Zarr, Esq.

Frank Ikeler, Esq., presented his report as auditor in the estate of James Shew, deceased, and was confirmed nisi.

Return of sale in estate of Geo. C. Smith, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Petition presented by James L. Evans, Esq., asking for the adoption of Joe E. Creveling, a minor child 3 years of age, by E. K. Creveling. Adoption decreed.

Petition of Directors of Poor of Centralia Borough and Conyingham Township filed asking for permission to lay a special tax of 3 mills. This is a tax levied every year for the purpose of paying bonds.

M. J. McDonald's petition presented by E. J. Flynn, Esq., for a bail piece in case of Com. vs. Hayden et al. J. G. Harman, Esq., opposed the application.

Petition presented by Margaret McHale for exemption under the Act of June 4, 1883, and the Court ordered that Thomas Mohan and Peter J. McHale be appointed appraisers to appraise and set aside to the said widow the said described property selected by her and make return according to law.

In the estate of Sarah E. Appleman, deceased, petition presented asking that the administrator be allowed to receive the purchase money.

Return of sale of T. E. Hyde, receiver of the Bloomsburg Lumber Co., presented and confirmed nisi. Court orders it confirmed absolute in 10 days unless exceptions are filed.

Court after hearing the petition said that a day would be fixed for the hearing of the case.

John J. Hinchie presented a petition asking for the transfer of the license of Mary Collin in Centralia.

Estate of John Kelchner, deceased, report of auditor confirmed nisi.

B. F. Quick appointed guardian of Miner and Retta Werkheiser, of Orangeville. Bond in sum of $75 filed and approved.

The petition of B. F. Quick, guardian of Miner and Retta Werkheiser, presented asking for private sale of ward's interest in real estate.

In estate of Martin Kline, deceased return of sale by administrator confirmed nisi.

C. M. Creveling appointed trustee in Richards Mfg. Co. mortgage in place of Joseph Ratti, deceased.

Petition presented by James L. Evans asking for the appointment of John R. McAnall as judge of election in S. E. district of Berwick.

Alice M. Utt vs. M. H. Smithgall. On motion May 11, 1907, at 10 o'clock, is fixed as the time of hearing the return of the sheriff in the said case.

Henry Bierman vs. D. L. & W. Railroad Co. The time for filing affidavit of defense is extended for 10 days from May 7, 1907.

In re estate of J. J. Brower, deceased. And now, May 6, Fred Ikeler, Esq., is continued as auditor to file his report at September term.

A petition was presented asking that the Greenwood Cemetery Co. be appointed trustee to take charge of the fund known as the Soldiers' Monument Fund of Catawissa.

In the estate of John Collins, late of Briar Creek township, deceased, the report of sale of real estate was confirmed nisi.

Register Frank W. Miller presented a list of accounts of administrators and executors which were confirmed nisi.

Prothonotary C. M. Terwilliger presented several Common Pleas accounts which were confirmed nisi. Also widows' appraisements.

In the estate of Harriet Harvey, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased, the report of private sale was confirmed nisi.

Com. vs. Francis E. Witer. Assault and battery. L. C. Kreischer asked for continuance on the ground of sickness of important witness which was allowed by the Court.

B. F. Zarr, Esq., representing J. E. Reichard, asked for the continuance of the case vs. Lauretta

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CHEAP BOOKS!

To close out an estate a private library is for sale. It includes

HISTORIES, THE POETS,
NOVELS, BIOGRAPHIES,
BOUND MAGAZINES,
RELIGIOUS WORKS,
and many miscellaneous books.

There are about 300 volumes, and have been divided into lots at

5c., 10c., 20c., 25c., 50c. and $1 per book.

Set of 3 Books that Cost $3.75 now $1

Set of 5 Books that Cost $20 now $5

Very Cheap, and a Rare Chance to get

Good Books at a Nominal Price!

GEO. E. ELWELL, Agent.

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

DYING LILLIES

WE were sitting in the mess room when Steel, of the R. A. M. C., came in from making the post mortem examination. The air was hot, and the punkah seemed blowing hotter, but no one had called for a drink. The silence was hard to break.

The Colonel did not look down from the ceiling, and the Second in command did not look up from the floor, when Steel entered, and the Adjutant and I did not say anything.

"What did he die of?" the Adjutant asked at length; and the Colonel looked down quickly, and the Second in Command looked up. Warren, of the Artillery, had been late for his wedding with Miss Craven that morning, and when they went to look for him they found him dead in his bungalow, staring hard at nothing, as if he saw death come. It was the Second in Command who went in first. They had always been friends. You could count Warren's friends on the fingers of one hand.

"What did Warren die of?" Steel drew with his finger on the table, as if he were making a temperature chart. "That is what I want you fellows to tell me."

The Colonel leaned forward. "A doctor never knows, of course," he said, with some undercurrent of meaning that I could not follow; "but it's his business to pretend that he does."

His eyes and Steel's met. The Colonel has strong eyes, but Steel's are stronger. "If the doctor won't pretend," he retorted, "there's an inquest."

"Good heavens, man!" the Second in Command jerked out, "you're not going to have any foolery of that sort?"

Steel drew another temperature chart—fever, with the line running up high and coming to a sudden stop. We knew it.

"You needn't call it an inquest unless you like," he offered; "but I'm going to settle this by myself. Shall we do it here and now?"

The Colonel glanced at him under his thick eyebrows and nodded, and the Second in Command nodded, and I nooded, and the Adjutant nodded.

"But I don't know what it's all about," he protested.

"Neither," I said, "do I."

"I think," said Steel, "the Colonel and the Second could guess. Perhaps you'll put the case, Colonel?"

"It's no use putting guesses," the Colonel objected, "and I've no wish to put any case at all. "You've asked for it. Go on."

"Very well." Steel lit a cigarette, took a few slow draws, and threw it impatiently away. "I don't want to put the case either, but—it's this: Warren was to have married Miss Craven this morning. If she didn't mind, there was no reason why he should." Steel shrugged his shoulders ever so slightly, and the Second in Command drew himself up rigidly.

"He was my friend," he remarked, with the ring of combat in his voice. He knew that we didn't like Warren.

"I was merely disposing of the theory of suicide." Steel explained. "I know he was your friend, and—I'm sorry. A quarter of an hour after he was due at the church, he is found dead, apparently of heart failure. He did die of heart failure. Most people do; but we only call it that when we can't find any reason why the heart failed. The symptoms allow me to put it down to that. They also allow me to put it down to another cause—only one. That cause is the inhaling of a certain drug. It isn't known to European medical science, and I'm not going to make it known. They know it well enough in India—Warren came from India; so did Miss Craven."

"I object to that remark," I interposed. "Miss Craven is a friend of mine, and very nearly the nicest girl at the station; and she was engaged to him. There's no need to drag her in."

"That," said the Colonel, "is the question, I take it?" He looked at Steel; and Steel nodded.

"The whole question," he said, shutting his mouth with a snap.

"Surely—" the Second in Command began, "is there any need to go on with this? He—he was my friend; and he was engaged to her, and—Suppose she broke it off, or anything, and that upset him. He'd rather us leave things alone. What's the good of going into it, Steel?"

Steel set his lips and contracted his forehead once or twice, and tapped slowly with his finger on the table.

"If it were just a case of breaking it off—and she didn't care for him—I'd leave it alone, right enough. Look here! I found Warren's little dog curled up behind the curtains, stone dead. Heart failure, too. Funny little beast he was. Remember how he used to howl when Warren fussed over her? There was just a faint scent about the room when I noticed carefully like the odor of lilies when they're going off a bit. That's the way the stuff smells—afterwards. No one has ever told how it smells at the time."

The Colonel lit a cheroot. His gray hand shook a trifle. The Second shifted his head again. The Adjutant and I stared at one another.

"You've nothing to connect her with it," he said hotly. "I don't believe it."

"No," said Steel slowly, "I've nothing to connect her with it, except that I don't think she wanted to marry him. Anyhow, she didn't care for him, and—very likely there isn't anything in it, but—I noticed a curious look on the Colonel's face when he told her; and a curious look on her face when she looked at him. Can you tell us, Sir?"

The Colonel turned the cheeroot round in his fingers and inspected it as if it were a doubtful recruit on parade.

"There may be nothing in it," he said; "and she's a woman, and entitled to the benefit of every doubt that we can give her. I wasn't going to say anything, but I'm like Steel. I don't care to settle this by myself. I was on the staff at Simla, as you know, a year ago, before I got the battalion. Warren was there then. So was she. So was a fellow named Mordaunt, Indian Civil. Uncommonly nice chap. Young and good-looking; and best pig-sticker I ever met. She was engaged to him. Most awful spoons I ever saw.

"Warren was sweet on her, too, but he hadn't a chance. He took it awfully well, and was very friendly with them; but everyone knew he was hard hit. The morning of the wedding Mordaunt died, like Warren. Heart failure, too. The sort of fellow you might have backed to live to a hundred. They found him sitting in his chair with her portrait just in front of him. Her portrait! She took it awfully hard, and nearly died. Begged every little thing out of his room to keep. 'They shall stop with me all my life,' she told me when I spoke to her about it—she was just the age of my daughter—'and remind me. May God forgive if ever I forget!' She kept them in her room after she was engaged to Warren even; and Steel is right. She didn't care for him. She'll never care for anybody but Mordaunt. God forgive us if we misjudge her!"

"I don't misjudge her," I stated hotly. "The idea is preposterous. Why should she kill a man because he was going to marry her?"

The Colonel relit the cheroot and looked hard at the Second—so hard that our eyes had to follow his. The Second shifted his head again and gave a soft little groan.

"I didn't look at it like that at the time," he said huskily, "when I—I went in. I thought perhaps she'd given him up at the last moment, and—and—he wouldn't like it talked about, and she wouldn't. But I didn't care about her. It was—well, we'd always been friends, he and I. Perhaps I understood him better than some of you; and—anyhow, I put it in my pocket, and— It's cursed hot."

He pulled a stout brown cardboard box out of his jacket pocket—a box of the size that might have held a locket, or a trinket or two; and a torn wrapper of white paper that had gone round it. He pieced the edges of the paper together on the table. His hands were too unsteady to lay them quite straight, and Steel smoothed the jagged edges out, and fitted the letters neatly together; and this was what the writing said, in Miss Craven's pretty, pointed hand—

"In memory of my wedding morning."—Sylvia Craven.

"Poor little woman!" said the Adtant. "Poor little woman!" His voice shook. He was younger than the rest of us.

Steel took the lid off the box gingerly, and felt with his fingers. "If you will notice," he said, as if he were delivering a lecture, "the edges of the box have little frills of wadding to make it air-tight. It would keep the vapor in till it was opened under any one's face, and then—heart failure! Smell the dying lilies. There's nothing left to hurt now. You needn't be afraid of it."

"Lilies?" I questioned, but my voice sounded doubtful, even to myself. "And suppose she did send him some flowers?"

"She didn't send him flowers," said Steel. "She sent him—this!" He held up a miniature, with his fingers covering the face. "I don't know who it is, or why she sent it; but I think I could guess."

He removed the fingers suddenly, and the Colonel put up his hands, as if he wanted to escape the sight.

"She's mad," he said. "Mad! We must hush it up somehow. It will do no good—no good!"

I took the miniature from Steel and looked at it. It was the picture of a good-looking young fellow of about twenty-five; a pleasant face, smiling as if he saw beautiful Sylvia Craven, and death and the scent of dying lilies were not in the world.

"It is Mordaunt," the Colonel said. "She was very much in love with him, and I suppose it preyed upon her; and when the time came to marry Warren she couldn't do it. Or else she sent it to show that she was breaking with the past. Or else—or else—. You smelt it, Steel, you said?"

"I smelt it," Steel said quietly. "And there was the dog. He would go sniffing about his master to see what was the matter, and— Funny little dog he was. I liked him. And what's to be done?"

There was a long silence, and no one moved except Steel, who fidgeted with the lid of the box, scraping gently with his slender white fingernail and wetting the paper which had been pasted over it, where it wouldn't come off.

"She's a murderess," said the Second in Command at last, "and he was my friend. By heaven, she shall hang for it!" He struck his big hand on the table.

"No!" cried the Adjutant sharply. Look here! Steel—Colonel, tell him that— What's the good of hanging her? She's a pitiful thing."

"She must have lost her reason," I said. "I understand how you feel about it, Sinclair; but she'd never have done it if she'd been in her senses. And she's a woman, and—Let it drop, old man."

"She's not too 'soft and pitiful' to kill a man!" The Second raised his voice furiously. "Two men. I've no doubt Mordaunt was killed in the same way."

"I've no doubt Mordaunt was killed in the same way," said Steel slowly; "but I don't think it was Sylvia Craven who killed him."

He wetted the lid of the box again, and drew off another scrap of paper.

"Look," he said, and we looked; and we saw this in Warren's writing on the cardboard that Steel had laid bare:

"From R. Warren
To Frank Mordaunt
On his wedding morning."

"This," said Steel, "is one of the relics that she took from her dead lover's room; and she understood; and she waited; and she wasn't mad. And it's murder—and she's rid the world of a cursed scoundrel!"

Thank God he didn't belong to the regiment," said the Colonel.

The Second swayed a little in his chair.

"He — was — my — friend," he groaned; and then he swayed a little more; and the Colonel caught him by the arm.

"Poor old chap!" he said gently.

Steel drew a temperature chart upon the table—an incomprehensible chart, with lines running wigglywaggly, up and down, up and down.

"I need not trouble you any more, gentlemen," he said in a professional voice. "I find myself able to certify to death from heart failure."

He wrote the same certificate for Sylvia Craven; but when he spoke to us he called it a broken heart, and he put a heap of white flowers on her grave. It was his solitary outbreak of sentiment, he apologized.—The Sketch.

Voracity of Black Bass.

The black bass is like "a roaring lion going about seeking whom he may devour," says a writer in Field and Stream. "I have seen a good-sized specimen go into a school of minnows and eat and stuff until he could not get any more into his capacious insides, then go off by himself, throw up what he had eaten and begin over again, after which he would keep on killing the poor, innocent minnows apparently for the mere pleasure of killing. Very young bass will attack minute water plants and get away with every one in sight, adopting the same method as their elders. To illustrate the extent of the cannibalism of the black bass, here is an experience of a superintendent of one of the fish hatcheries in Pennsylvania:

"The superintedent made an actual count of 20,000 young bass about an inch long and placed them in a fry pond by themselves. He gave them food six times a day, and, according to his statement, each fish ate on an average three times its own weight of prepared food every twenty-four hours. They were placed in a pond on July 1, and on October 1, when they were taken out, there were only 11,000, and the record showed that less than 200 died from sickness. It is reasonable to suppose, therefore, that, in addition to the food given them by the superintendent, there were about 9,000 bass devoured by their stronger and more fortunate companions."

What Becomes of Old Shoes.

What becomes of all the old shoes is a question quite as puzzling as where all the pins go. Old shoes, however, really have an important place in the trade world and serve numerous useful purposes, says the Chicago Tribune.

They are all cut in small pieces and put to soak for a couple of days in chloride of sulphur, which makes the leather hard and brittle.

It is then washed off with tepid water, dried and ground to a fine powder, which is mixed with an adhesive substance, such as glue or shellac, or a thick solution of gum. The material is then put into moulds to form combs, buttons and a variety of useful things that are supposed to be made of rubber.

Old leather is used to make prussic potash. It is put into a large iron pot and heated with pearl ash and old iron hooks. The soluble portions are dissolved out, the salt that results is added to one of iron, and Prussian blue, used either for dyeing purposes or as a pigment, is made.

By another process of reducing the leather to powder it is converted again into an artificial leather which is used in making the cheaper grade of shoes.

Origin of a Modern Phrase.

"Hip! Hip! Hurrah!" is a modern phrase. The "Hip!" and the "Hurrah!" do not seem to have come together before the nineteenth century. In the eighteenth century "Hip!" amountd to just "Hi" or "Hullo!" while "Hurrah" was then usually "Huzza!" It is like the Cossack shout "Ora!" but it is supposed to have been a German cry of the chase, adapted by the German soldiers to war, and borrowed from them by the English, perhaps first of all at the time of the thirty years' war; "Hurra!" is said to have been the battle cry of the Prussians in the war of liberation (1812-1813). Still the curious fact that seventeenth and eighteenth century writers call "Huzza!" a sailors' shout lends support to the conjecture that it may really have been the hoisting cry, "Hissa!"

CHARLES WHITE MANS BURDEN.

Charles Curtis Only Indian Senator in the United States.

The most talked of "Indian" for some time in this country is Charles Curtis, who was chosen for United States Senator from Kansas to succeed Burton.

Curtis was then variously described as a full-blooded Kaw Indian, a half-breed and a quarter-blood. It also was declared that he was the only man with aboriginal blood in his veins who had ever won a place in the upper house of Congress. This last statement was a great mistake. Matthew Stanley Quay of Pennsylvania had more than a trace of Indian blood in his veins and was as proud of it as Curtis undeniably is.

Curtis is a little man with black hair and swarthy complexion. He is 47. His maternal grandmother was a pure blooded Indian, daughter of Lewis Gonville, a Kaw chief. In the days before his tribe had left Canada for the United States. Chief Gonville's daughter married a French Canadian and her daughter, Julian Papan, married C. P. Curtis, a captain in the Fifteenth Kansas Volunteers, who served in the civil war. Captain Curtis was of Puritanical New England stock. The present Senator's mother died when he was a baby; his father, who lost his health in the civil war, did not survive long and died poor. His part bred Indian grandmother was still alive, however, and she knew how badly he wanted to study. He was living with her at the time and selling newspapers for a living. One day she said abruptly:

"Charlie, do you really want an education bad enough to work for it?"

"Well, yes, grandmother," said the boy. I think I do."

"Well, then," she said, "I'll help you with part of the Government money that is coming to me." and she did.

The story of the way he began his law studies seems to have been overlooked. He selected Judge A. H. Case of Topeka, his home town, as a legal preceptor, and went into his office one summer day.

"Well, Charles," said the Judge, "you seem to be in a good deal of a hurry for such a hot day. What's up?"

The boy told the Judge of his legal aspirations. The Judge wasn't enthusiastic. There were more poor lawyers in Topeka, he said, than there was practise for them.

"But there aren't more good ones, and you know it. Judge," replied the boy.

"There's plenty of room for good ones and I mean to be a good one."

The Judge saw that he meant

SENATOR CHARLES CURTIS.

business and allowed him to be entered as a law student in that office forthwith. Senator Curtis is a regular member of the Kaw tribe, always has been popular among the Indians, and is responsible for much legislation in their interests.

That there was Indian blood in the veins of the late Senator Quay is often spoken of as an unauthenticated rumor. The truth is that Mr. Quay not only freely corroborated the story in his lifetime, but often spoke of the circumstance with pride to his friends.

Modern Business Politeness.

"A custom of politeness that is modern in the extent of its practice, if not in its introduction," said a man old enough to be acquainted with ways comparatively speaking ancient, "is that of writing 'thanks' or 'thank you' after the signature on receipted bills sent in due course on payment of accounts; a form that costs little effort on the part of the signer and that is sure to be not unpleasing to the person to whom such politeness is offered.

"Widespread is the custom in its practice now, and so in its observance, not likely to be surprising, but to-day there came to my attention an instance of courtesy in this form that did at first seem rather strained and excessive.

"On a receipted bill received with goods sent to me C. O. D., I found after the signature the polite 'thank you,' and here this seemed almost superfluous; for this was a transient and impersonal transaction. But a moment's reflection showed that the 'thank you' here was really neither superflous nor excessive, but quite correct; that we should have received from the salesman if we had paid him the cash for the goods at the time of their purchase."

Cure for Pauperism.

Finding that stone-breaking and oakum picking were not profitable enough the authorities of Horsham, England, decided to put able-bodied paupers to work at grinding corn in a mill. Next day not a pauper was left in the almshouse.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

$15,000,000 For State's Schools.

Leading Educators ask That Appropriation Be Increased by $2,000,000.

Prominent educators of the State have issued a statement on behalf of the plan to increase the appropriation for the public schools from $13,000,000 to $15,000,000. Chairman Sheatz, of the house appropriations committee, has already indicated that he is in favor of making this increase and so has Governor Stuart. The statement in part is as follows:

"Harrisburg, May 6—We invite serious attention to the following facts relative to the general appropriation bill now before the legislature and, in the light of what is hereby shown, we are confident of immediate co-operation in aiding us to secure an increase of the State appropriat on for schools from $13,000,000, as now proposed, $15,000,000, as it should be.

"In 1894-5 the appropriation per pupil in Pennsylvania was $5.20, while the appropriation per pupil in the bill now pending is but $4.89. Although the total contribution to education is larger, the proposed increase does not by any means keep pace with the increase of school population. In 1895 the appropriation for education was 46 per cent. of the total revenue, while in the present bill the appropriation is but 25 per cent. of the revenue. Should new revenue bills be passed, as now seems likely, and the appropriations for schools be not increased, the percentage of the amount given to education will fall below twenty-five.

"The manifest conclusion is that the schools have imperative need for more money by State appropriation. In almost every public address during the recent campaign, the governor put himself on record as desiring to deal generously and more liberally with the public schools, and we are most certain that he is anxious to fulfill every promise of the campaign."

MAY COURT JURYMEN.

SECOND WEEK.

Howard Pursel, Bloomsburg.
L. E. Schwartz, Bloomsburg.
Edward Levan, Conyngham.
J. E. Sands, Mt. Pleasant.
John G. Laubach, Sugarloaf.
Boyd Fry, Bloomsburg.
Evan Buckalew, Benton Boro.
Bruce Calandar, Briarcreek.
Aaron Trexler, Conyngham.
Charles Berger, Catawissa Boro.
Lorenza D. Rohrbach, Franklin.
Joseph Heacock, Greenwood.
Charles Smith, Madison.
Isaac Martz, Briarcreek.
Adam Brocius, Catawissa Boro.
Wesley Smith, Mt. Pleasant.
Pierce Keifer, Centre.
G. W. Vanlieu, Fishingcreek.
Mordical Yocum, Jackson.
Iram D. Pitall, Pine
Daniel Derr, Mifflin.
Jessie O. Edwards, Berwick.
Joe Hippensteel, Scott.
C. W. McKelvy, Bloomsburg.
Freas Hunsinger, Berwick.
Thos. Mensch, Catawissa twp.
Elias Geiger, Montour.
Clarence F. Redline, Mifflin.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Keep the Balance Up.

It has been truthfully said that any disturbance of the even balance of health causes serious trouble. Nobody can be too careful to keep this balance up. When people begin to lose appetite, or to get tired easily, the least imprudence Brings on sickness, weakness, or debility. The system needs a tonic, craves it, and should not be denied it; and the best tonic of which we have any knowledge is Hood's Sarsaparilla. What this medicine has done in keeping healthy people healthy, in keeping up the even balance of health, gives it the same distinction as a preventive that it enjoys as a cure. Its early use has illustrated the wisdom of the old saying that a stitch in time saves nine. Take Hood's for appetite, strength, and endurance.

They say that marrying a Boston girl is a good bit like putting your love in cold storage.

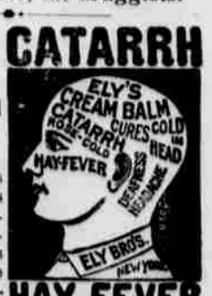
Birth-marks which mark and mar the outside of the body are a grief to every mother whose child may bear them. But for every child who bears a birth-mark on the skin there are many who bear an indelible birth-mark on the mind. Nervous mothers have nervous children and many a man and woman owes an irritable and despondent temperament to those days of dread when the mother waited the hour of her maternity. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription strengthens the mother for her trial. With strength comes a buoyancy of spirits and quietness of mind, which is one of the happiest gifts a mother can bestow on her offspring. By giving vigor and elasticity to the delicate womanly organs "Favorite Prescription" practically does away with the pain of maternity and makes the baby's advent as natural and as simple as the blossoming of a flower. No opium or alcohol in "Favorite Prescription." All ingredients printed on bottle-wrapper. Is not a secret or patent medicine, but is the open prescription of an educated and experienced physician.

Sick Headache,

—largely a woman's complaint—is chiefly caused by indigestion, constipation and torpid liver. You can prevent it by taking a dose of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, once every few days immediately after a meal. Pleasant to the taste. No nausea or griping. Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle. Large bottles $1.00, all druggists.

A Positive CURE
Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cts. by mail.
Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH


HAY FEVER

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. May 2, 1907.

It does not appear that the effort of the Western Federation of Miners to enlist the labor union element of the country against the President has been very successful. The attempt turned on an appeal to the labor element to repudiate the President on account of his utterances anent Hayward, Moyer and Pettibone, the three members of the Federation now awaiting trial in Idado for the murder of Governor Steunenberg. The President had referred to these men in one of his letters as "undesirable citizens," classing them along with Harriman and Eugene Debbs, which was in itself almost enough to make any class of men hot. The more radical among the labor men were quick to seize on the opportunity to appeal to the labor unions all over the country for endorsement and a rebuke to the President. However, the appeal has fallen decidedly flat. An example of how it was received was given at a meeting of the Central Labor Union in this city this week. The resolution of sympathy with Moyer et al and of condemnation for the President was never put at all. The union contributed $25 toward the expense of the murder trial, which was fair enough, but further than that ignored the matter altogether Organized labor has never figured seriously in American politics, and if it has not risen to the present opportunity, it is not likely to do so.

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Of immense interest to the cotton growers of the south is the reported use of paper as a substitute for cotton abroad. It will be remembered that recently a paragraph went the rounds of the papers saying that they were making clothes of paper in Germany. This bald statement seemed rather incredible, but the Department of Commerce and Labor had the story investigated by the American consuls in Germany, and a report from Consul Carl Hurst of Plauen makes it seem that the subject is worthy of some attention. He says that paper as we understand it is not used in sheets for making clothes, but that there is an immense industry springing up, especially in Saxony, in the spinning of paper fibre into yarn and thread and then weaving it into cloth. The new yarn, made from wood fibre, is called "xylolin." It is the result of years of scientific research by Herr Emil Claivez, a noted German chemist. The process is a secret one, but mills are springing up all over the country, and it is said that preparations are being made to establish mills and exploit the process in this country. The wood fibre thread has peculiarly valuable qualities. It is very cheap, about half the cost of cotton. It wears well, is light and takes dyes of all sorts much better than cotton. Sometimes it is woven alone, and sometimes in combination with cotton yarn. Its uses are manifold. It is made into clothes, carpets, gunny sacks, "canvass" shoes, and a score of other things. Its cheapness recommends it, and so far as experiment has demonstrated, its wearing qualities are very good.

Of course, there have been a great many discoveries in the past of "artificial silk," and there are undoubtedly a great many materials used for adulterating silk. But most of these processes have caused more talk than they have caused real injury to the silk business. It may be that it will prove the same with this substitute for cotton. But the report of Consul Hurst is so full and circumstantial that it is possible that there may be more in the discovery than is usually to be found in such alleged inventions.

***

This week there was celebrated in Washington the ninth anniversary of the battle of Manila Bay. This has come to be a fixture, and it is always marked by a dinner at one of the hotels, where the guest of honor is Admiral Dewey and as many of the captains who served under him as can be gathered together. This year there were but three of the Admiral's captains alive, and only two who could be present. All are now retired for age, though Admiral Walker is still on active service in charge of the Naval Observatory at Washington.

The gathering was a distinguished one. Admiral Dewey was apparently in just as good health and spirits as on the day he won the world-famous fight. The members of the Cabinet who were in town attended, as did a number of the Diplomatic Corps and the high officers of the Army and Navy.

***

It looks as though "Marse" Henry Watterson were right. Gov. Hughes of New York is looking up as a Republican presidential possibility. People who have watched the trend of events say that the public utilities bill in the New York legislature is going to make his fame nationally, whether it passes or whether it is defeated. If it passes, it will give him prestige as having won a fight for the people against almost prohibitive odds, and if it does not pass, the governor will be considered a martyr to corrupt machine politics and probably will be able to bring the whole of the New York delegation to the convention with him. The President has not made any move toward giving him his support, but if the occasion demands it, there is little doubt that the support will be forthcoming.

***

President Roosevelt has appointed a commission to prepare a comprehensive plan to utilize the water-ways and to connect them by canals, and it is now holding its meetings in Washington. The transportation question is paramount at present, and an air route, it is thought by some, will some time be added to the old methods by land and water. In our grandfathers' time "a six mule team made plenty of steam." Now steam locomotives and electric cars have failed to meet the resources of our prolific harvest fields, factories, forests and mines. The cry is still give us more roads and improve our waterways. Curiously enough, on the day that the President's Commission met, Professor Graham Bell, who is now in London, gave out an interview, if half of which is true, we may expect successful aerial travel. In this interview, he said that the problem of flight had been solved, and that in five years we should be crossing the Atlantic at the rate of two hundred miles an hour. Prof. Bell invented the telephone, but is probably optimistic and mistaken on this air ship question. At any rate, most of us prefer that some future generation of our wife's relatives shall attempt the Atlantic in these flying machines. We have all the risk we care to incur in present methods of transportation.

The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Cost of Living Greatly Increased.

Proved by Investigation—Federal Department of Labor Makes an Interesting Report.

The cost of living has goue up more than one-third in the past ten years according to the latest investigations of the federal department of labor into facts covering the seventeen-year-period ending with 1906.

A previous inquiry of the department covering the same period but dealing only with the wholesale prices of commodities, has not only been verified but so strengthened as to produce startling results by a consideration of retail prices for the same commodities.

The investigation just completed shows that wholesale prices considering 268 commodities as a whole reached a higher level in 1906 than at any time during the seventeen-year period covered. The average for the year 1906 was 5.6 per cent. higher than for 1905; 36.5 per cent. higher than lor 1897, the year of the lowest prices during the seventeen-year period, and 22.4 per cent. higher than the average for the ten years from 1890 to 1899.

The study of the bureau was extended to farm products, foods, clothes and clothing, fuel and lighting, metal and implements, lumber and building materials, drugs and chemicals, house furnishing goods, and miscellaneous commodities. Only two of the nine groups showed a decrease in price as compared with 1905—farm products and drugs and chemicals. Seven groups showed an increase in price, this increase reaching 10.4 per cent. in the case of metals and implements, and 9.6 per cent. in the case of lumber and building materials.

Food as a whole increased 36 per cent. in average price for 1906, as compared with 1905. The principal articles showing an increase were cheese, fish, fruit, hog products, milk, rice and vegetables.

Of the seventy-five articles included underclothes and clothing, sixty-six showed an increase in price, five showed a decrease. In the group, as a whole, there was an average increase of 1 per cent. in price.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

TRIAL LIST.

For Week Beginning Monday, May 13th, 1907

Fred Hummell vs. Tide Water Pipe Line Co.

H. M. Yocum vs. Columbia County.

Lillie Atherholt and John Atherholt vs. Charles Hughes.

E. D. Tewksbury admr. vs. Phila. & Reading Railway Co.

J. W. Adams vs. Wm. Adams.

Wm. Ney vs. The Phila. & Reading Railway Co.

Sarah J. Martz vs. Boro of Berwick.

George Conlair vs. American Car and Foundry Co.

Baxter and Young vs. Avery Clinton Sickles.

B. M. White vs. Centre Township.

Henry Miller vs. The Phila. and Reading Railway Co.

Rachael Echenrote, Samuel Cole, Susan Getz, Clara Reimard, Joseph Cole. Ada P. Cole, John Cole by his guardian Samuel Cole vs. Wm. Pursel.

Wilbur C. Hower vs. The Town of Bloomsburg.

J. L. Reece vs. J. F. Lamon.

The Com of Penn. at the suggestion and to the use of Hoover, Owen Rentschler Co., a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ohio and for the use of all persons who it may concern vs. Daniel Knorr, P. Zimmerman, John L. Kline, Ezariah Yocum and Simon R, Carl.

Com. of Penna. to the use of A. L. Fritz vs. Daniel Knorr, P. Zimmerman, John L. Kline, et al.

Lavina Rabuck vs. Pa. Railroad Co.

Daniel Ball vs. Montour Township.

Charles Tritt vs. Phila. & Reading Railway Co.

Thomas M. Mensch vs. S. H. & W. Railway Co.

Ellen Geary et al. vs. S. H. & W. Railway Co.

Adam Truckenmiller vs. Fannie Keiler et al.

John Mowrey vs. P. & R. Railway Co.

Lloyd Fox vs Reading Railway Co.

Harrison Levan vs. Penna. Railroad Co.

H. D. Miller vs. Penna. Railroad Co.

Robert C. Howell vs. S. B. & B. Railroad Co.

Peter Kneght vs. Penna. R. R. Co.

Julia Bibby vs. Penna. R. R. Co.

Joseph H. Slusser vs. The Penna. R. R. Co.

J. O. Frey vs. The Penna. R. R. Co.

Emma L. Smith, exr. of estate of Ella E. Harvey dec'd. vs. Lumbermen and Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co. of Williamsport.

Emma F. Goodhart vs. The Columbia and Montour Electric Railroad Co.

Wm. H. Hauck vs. Cabin Run Coal Co.

GUIDES TO HEALTH.

A bad complexion may be due to some skin disease, to indigestion, anaemia, or some internal complaint. The raw food diet is very effective where the complexion is caused by injudicious eating. One should begin first with fruit and cereals, and slowly eliminate the greasy dishes from one's menu.

A cure for rheumatism: Put one teaspoonful white mustard seed (whole) in half a glass of water and take three times a day. This also clears the complexion.

Skating is an exhilarating exercise, quickening the circulation and strengthening not only the muscles of the lower limbs, but of the whole body. It strengthens the ankles and when not carried to excess gives an easy, graceful carriage to those indulging in it.

Charming Empire Effect.

The new empire effect, or the skirt that gives a shortened waist line at the back, is unquestionably a favorite one of the season and it is so graceful and so very generally becoming that its popularity is quite easily accounted for. Illustrated is a gown that shows that feature and which includes a waist that is trimmed in an exceptional manner. There is a deep pointed yoke with

bretelles that are attached to the girdle while the elbow sleeves are made in entirely novel fashion with straps that harmonize with the waist trimming. In this case the material is Shantung pongee, in one of the beautiful apricot shades, while the trimming is little frills of ribbon, bands of narrow velvet and brilliant carved gilt buttons, the yoke being of ecru lace over white chiffon. The color as well as the material is an exceedingly fashionable one and altogether is much to be desired.

A Game for the Children.

There was a jolly miller, he lived by himself,
As the mill went 'round he made his wealth.
One hand in the hopper, another in the bag,
As the wheel went 'round he made his grab.

There must be an uneven number of players. All of the children, except one, stand in couples, arm in arm, and singing this verse, march around in a circle, each couple closely following the other.

The odd child stands in the center. At the word "grab," the children marched on the inside of the circle let go of their partners' arms and try to catch hold of the one standing immediately in front of their previous partners.

Now the child in the center—the odd player—tries to secure one of the partners and thus get a place in the circle. If he succeeds the one was left out must take the center, and the game goes on as described.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS.

Roll all pieces of wrapping paper not good enough for further use that are usually thrown into the fire into hard, tight balls. These will help along wonderfuly in the kindling basket for the morning's fire.

A piece of soda the size of a pea in a quart of stewed rhubarb or gooseberries greatly reduces the amount of sugar required without impairing the flavor in the least.

Prevent the disagreeable odor when cooking greens by putting a piece of bread in the water they are boiled in.

To Clean Chiffon.

Chiffon should be washed in soap lather by carefully rolling and pressing between the hands, then rinsed in clean water and stiffened in gum water, the same proportion as for lace—namely one tablespoonful to a quarter pint of water.

Roll in a cloth to absorb some of the moisture, but it must not be too dry when it is ironed.

To iron chiffon, it must be placed on the table wrong side up and ironed along the selvedge, as ironing across would displace the fibers and destroy the appearance of the delicate fabric.

Chiffon ties with a natural crepon crinkle should not be ironed, but, instead, the ends should be pinned out on a table, the tie just stretched enough to permit of the crinkles falling into their natural shape.

When dry fold it without pressing the folds in; air and put carefully away.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

FOR PILES,
ONE APPLICATION BRINGS RELIEF.
SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

At Druggists, 25 cents, or mailed. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. $1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, $5.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAST BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:39 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.43, 6.39 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7 50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.39 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m. 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 1:25, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m, week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 4:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 11, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekday 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, week days, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.05 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp. (60 Minutes)	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	5:00 p. m. Exp.	4:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
	SUNDAYS.	SEA ISLE CITY
		8:50 a. m.
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut St.s., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
June 1 1904, and until Further Notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:0C, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

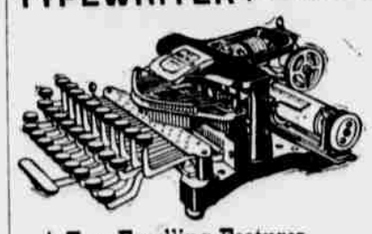
First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sunda at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL TYPEWRITER $25.00



A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
8-24mo. Norwalk Conn

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	*6 45	†10 00	11.10	*5 25
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 01	16 39
Danville	7 05	10 19	2 11	5 49
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 23	5 56
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	6 01
Bloomsburg	7 31	10 43	2 35	6 07
Espy	7 36	†10 48	2 40	6 12
Lime Ridge	7 41	10 53	2 46	6 17
Willow Grove	17 45	.....	12 50	.....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	12 53	16 27
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	6 33
Beach Haven	8 00	11 07	3 03	6 43
Hick's Ferry	8 04	11 12	3 09	16 51
Shickshinny	8 20	11 25	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 26	.....	3 31	17 09
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 16
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 47	7 29
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 52	.....
Kingston	8 55	11 55	4 00	7 38
Luzerne	8 58	11 58	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	19 00	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 12	7 49
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 58
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 22	.....	4 29	8 08
Old Forge	9 26	.....	4 32	8 19
Taylor	9 32	.....	†4 40	8 17
Scranton	*9 42	†2 85	4 50	*8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 08	6 49
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 09
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	†2 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 28	11 17	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 34	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hicks Ferry	8 08	†11 54	3 30	†8 09
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 16
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	12 12	†3 50	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	†3 54	†8 29
Lime Ridge	†8 33	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 45	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	8 58	12 38	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 33	9 10
Cameron	9 14	†1 01	4 43	.....
Northumberland	9 25	*1 12	†4 55	9 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

21

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M
	‡	†	‡	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 06
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 09
Zaners	fr 40	f3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 08	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 15	8 10
Edsons	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 25	8 40
Grass Mere Park	f10 10	3 47	7 28	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

22

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	†	†	‡	‡	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f7 12	f4 47	f11 00	.....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 58
Coles Creek	f6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 56
Bloom. Main St	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ¶ Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt

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STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000. Undivided Profits $30.000. Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

OFFICERS:

W. M. Low, President. J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. M. Low,	F. G. Yorks,	Frank Ikeler,	Joseph Ratti,
E. B. Tustin,	Fred Ikeler,	Geo. S. Robbins,	S. C. Creasy,
J. M Staver,	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic voters.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
W. W. BLACK,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic voters.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE
CHARLES A. SHAFFER,
of Berwick.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic voters.

NOTICE PRIMARY ELECTION

The Spring Primary Election to Be Held Saturday June 1st. Between the Hours of 2 P. M. and 8 P. M., 1907.

To the Voters of Columbia County:—

In accordance with SECTION THREE paragraph FOUR of the UNIFORM PRIMARY ELECTION LAW notice is hereby given that the several political parties in the said county will vote at the various polling places in the said county on Saturday June 1st, 1907, between the hours of 2 P. M. and 8 P. M. to nominate candidates at the Spring Primary election as follows, to wit,—

One person for Associate Judge.
One person for County Surveyor.
Two persons for delegates to the Republican State Convention.
Four persons for delegates to the Democratic State Convention.
Six persons for delegates to the Prohibition State Convention.
One person for Republican Committeeman in each election district.
One person for member of the Democratic Standing Committee in each election district.
One person for Chairman of the Prohibition party.
One person for Secretary of the Prohibition party.
One person for Treasurer of the Prohibition party.
One person for committeeman from each election district for the Prohibition party.

JERRY A. HESS, C. L. POHE, E. RINGROSE } County Commissioners.

Attest A. B. BLACK,
Commissioner's Clerk

WILL PROSECUTE GRAFTERS.

James Scarlet Esq., has been appointed by the Governor and Attorney General Todd to institute civil and criminal suits against those concerned in the state capitol robberies. A complete list of those who will be named as defendants will not be known until the inquiry is ended, but it will include Huston, Sanderson and Payne.

As the commission cannot finish its work in time to report to the present Legislature, as provided in the resolution creating that body, the investigators will send a report to the general assembly which will simply be an announcement that the inquiry is incomplete and a request that its time be extended indefinitely and that it be authorized to make its report to Governor Stuart when ready.

Mr. Scarlet said the other day that more startling revelations are yet to come, which means that some people high up in state affairs are going to get scorched.

THE MOST GIGANTIC SWINDLE.

The State paid Congressman Cassell's construction company for 100,000 square feet of metal filing cases at $18.40 a foot which were never delivered. On this over-payment Architect Huston got $36,000 for designing the cases though he didn't design them at all. Thus on a single item of the capitol furnishings, the loot amounted to $1,500,000. Besides this the materials used were not up to the standard required by the specifications. The able lawyers who are conducting the investigation express the opinion that this money can be recovered by legal process. Probably that is true.

It is now admitted that the building of the capitol was the most gigantic swindle of all time. The looting which attended the construction of the capitol at Albany, the erection of the city hall of Philadelphia and the eperations of Tweed in New York city were child's play when compared with this. They covered a longer period of time but produced for the grafters less than half the amount of loot. That shows that the Pennsylvania machine is more avaricious as well as bolder and more skillful robbers. It indicates that crime is progressive and that it has reached a climax in the operations in question.

There should be no time lost in proceeding for the recovery of this money. It is said that some of the looters are already disposing of their property and the chances are that unless there is a cause for criminal action there will be no voluntary payments. Men who are guilty of such crimes are not likely to give up what they have acquired unless compelled to and the shadow of the penitentiary is the most potent compelling force. For that reason preparations for criminal prosecutions should be made simultaneously with those for civil suits. No opportunity for escape should be allowed.—*Watchman.*

The attention of ex-Governor Pennypacker, ex-Auditor General Snyder and ex-State Treasurer Mathues, late members of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, is called to the fact that no sooner did State Treasurer Berry enter upon his office than he stopped payment of a bill of Contractor Sanderson for $108,000 and of commissions of Upholsterer Huston for $104,000. It need hardly be said that neither Contractor Sanderson nor Upholsterer Huston will ever recover a dollar of this money should they be so reckless as to sue for it. But instead of $212,000 the saving to the Treasury of Pennsylvania would have been many millions had a Berry been a member of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings in place of a Pennypacker, a Snyder or a Mathues. The lesson is one that should never be lost upon the people of Pennsylvania.—*Phila. Record.*

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

For Associate Judge

CHARLES A. SHAFFER,
of Berwick.

WILL ADJOURN MAY 16th.

Legislature Expects to Finish Its Work by That Date.

"I can see no reason why the Legislature should not be able to adjourn on May 16 with all important measures acted upon. The House certainly will do its share of the work." Speaker McClain made this declaration Monday when his attention was called to the report that the date of the final adjournment may be extended.

Many bills of general interest are still on the calendars and will not be taken up until the appropriation bills are out of the way. Speaker McClain says the House should clear its calendar of House appropriation bills by Wednesday and that nothing will interfere with their consideration, except bills for which special orders have been or may be made. It may be necessary for the House to hold a brief session on Saturday and the Senate to meet on Friday to clear the calendars of appropriation bills.

The Dunsmore Railway Commission bill will be acted upon by the Senate Railroads committee on Tuesday. This measure is wanted by Governor Stuart and has already passed the House. The Gerberich bill has passed the Senate and is in the House Railroads committee. The prospects are the Dunsmore bill will be brought out of committee and passed by the Senate virtually in the form in which it went through the House.

The only bills of general interest on the Senate postponed calendar are those abolishing poll tax and appropriating $500,000 for the removal of the Eastern penitentiary. Among the legislation which will come out in the Senate this week are the Philadelphia wharf bills; appropriating $600,000 for two sanitariums for indigent consumptives; the House civil service bill for second class cities; trolley eminent domain bill, giving trolley companies the right to diverge their routes, and the bill reorganizing the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings.

The soldiers' pension bill, the manufacturers' tax bill and the administration child labor bill are among the many measures of general interest to be considered by the House. The pension bill gives Pennsylvania soldiers of the civil war pensions ranging from $5 to $10 a month, according to their term of service. It has already passed the Senate. Because of the large sum of money necessary for the payment of these pensions, if it should become a law, the Governor may be compelled to cut private charity appropriations.

The Governor will take up none of these appropriation bills until after the close of the Legislature. He will have 30 days in which to act upon them and all other legislation which may now be sent to him. Of the more than 1,500 bills which have been introduced this session less than 200 have been acted upon by the Governor. It will be necessary to drop from the calendar many bills in the closing days of the session.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In this issue I announce myself as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge of Columbia county. I have always been a Democrat, and I assure you if nominated and elected to the office which I now aspire to fill, I will be guided wholly by my best judgment, and endeavor to do my duty as I see it, and as I have done it in the past. I promise, if elected, so far as within my power, a fair, honest and impartial administration, with equal and exact justice to all men and special privileges to none.

I will endeavor to see all the Democratic voters in the county before the Primaries in June next, and I will be content to abide their decision at that time. Based upon my pledges as herein stated I will ask the voters to stand by me.

Sincerely yours,
tf. W. W. BLACK.

THE JUNE PRIMARY ELECTION.

The delegates to the State Convention to be held this year, and all candidates to be voted for at the November election, will be nominated at what is termed the Spring primary to be held on the first Saturday of June, which is the first day of June 1907.

The primary election will be held by the regular election officers, and the polls will be open on that day from two o'clock to eight o'clock P. M.

The tickets to be used at the primary election are to be prepared and furnished by the County Commissioners. In order to become a candidate and have your name printed on the official ballot the following conditions must be complied with:

FIRST:

If you desire to become a candidate for delegate to the State Convention, you must file with the County Commissioners at least three weeks prior to the first day of June, your petition signed by at least 10 qualified electors, of the county.

SECOND:

If you desire to become a candidate for associate Judge in Columbia County you must file your petition with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, signed by at least 200 qualified electors, at least four weeks prior to the date of the primary election, June 1st.

THIRD:

If you desire to become a candidate for County Surveyor you must file your petition with the County Commissioners at least three weeks prior to the primaries, June 1st, and signed by at least 50 qualified electors.

FOURTH:

If you desire to become a candidate for member of the County Committee from your election precinct, you must file with the County Commissioners your petition at least three weeks prior to the date of the primaries, June 1st, and signed by at least ten qualified electors.

As the June primary will be the first held in Columbia County under the Act approved Feb. 17, 1906, these suggestions and directions are made by the Chairman of the County committee to inform prospective candidates as to what is required of them under this present Act of Assembly.

These directions have been confined exclusively to such offices in Columbia County for whom candidates are to be named at the June primary of this year.

Every candidate for nomination, whether successful or not, must within fifteen days after the primary, file with the Prothonotary, a statement setting forth under oath, either that his expenses did not exceed $50, or if they exceeded $50, the statement must be itemized.

JAMES H. MERCER,
Ch'n. Dem. Co. Com.

A Certain Cure for Aching Feet.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Tired, Aching, Callous, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 5-2 4t.

To the Democratic Voters of Columbia County.

I have been urged by many of my friends throughout the county to become a candidate for Associate Judge, basing their reason for my candidacy upon the fact that I was a candidate five years ago and was defeated by less than one hundred majority at that time.

The rules of the Democratic party provide that the office of Associate Judge is a two term office. I place the success of the party above my personal advancement and therefore believe it to be in harmony with the best interests of the Democracy of Columbia county to adhere to the rules.

Judge Krickbaum is now serving his first term and therefore I am unable to see my way clear to break the rules of the party but believe in enforcing them and giving the Judge a second term.

Thanking my many friends for the encouragement and promise of support I am,

Respectfully,
ALEXANDER KNOUSE.
Benton, Pa., May 6, 1907. 1t.

TOWNSEND'S NEW STORE

Every Young Man Who Seeks

SNAPPY CLOTHING

at modest prices can be quickly suited here.

All the correct styles in Sack Suits containing all the latest fashion ideas and fabrics, are to be found in this extra special offering of

$8.50 TO $25.00 SUITS.

All that's new in Knox and Stetson Hats for late Spring.

TOWNSEND'S

NEW STORE,

Corner Main and Centre Streets, - Bloomsburg, Pa.

GOOD NEWS

Double-Quick Selling of Dress Goods!

At this Cut Price event we will sell Dress Materials cheaper than ever before.

If you know how busy our former Dress Goods sales have been, you will understand how strong this headline assertion is and what it implies. And even now we consider the claim a very mild one. We would still speak conservatively, if we put the announcement more strongly before our readers.

Lower prices have never been attached to fabrics so desirable and seasonable. And ours is the largest assemblage in this locality for you to choose from.

The items tell of the fabrics of up-to-the-moment fashionableness—plain, fancy and mixed effects, every weave—every color—and at a wide range of prices—All Reduced.

The selling will be fast—some lots will be speedily exhausted—the whole huge sale assortment will not last long under the greatly reduced prices attached to them. For this reason we advise an early visit, if you contemplate purchasing. SALE ENDS SATURDAY NIGHT.

Fancy Suitings 36 inches wide. All wool, check and plaids in the spring shades regular 50c the yard. Sale price 39c.

Mohairs 50 inches wide, not all colors, regular 65c the yard. Sale price 49c.

Mohairs 36 and 44 inches wide, Cardinal, Blue and Slate, regular 50c goods. Sale price 39c.

Fancy Mixed Suitings and Panamas 42 in. wide, all wool checks and plaids in the spring shades, regularly $1.00 the yard. Now on sale at 79c.

Extra Fine French Serges all wool, 56 inches wide in grey check and plaids, regularly $1.75, now on sale at $1.15 the yard.

Fine Mohair and Sicilians 44 in. wide in Blue, Tans, Gree and Beige, regular $1 yard, now on sale at 75c

TWO SPECIAL BARGAINS.

We have culled here and there from fine seasonable dress goods, two different lots for quick selling. Read

LOT NUMBER 1

Including every wanted color in one weave or another—call them odds and ends if you like, but they are actually worth from 75c to $1.00 the yard. On sale 59c the yard.

LOT NUMBER 2.

Worth from $1 to $1.40 the yard—including different fabrics in all colors—Great bargains, but come quick if you would share. They are on sale for 79c the yard.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

EVANS' SHOE STORE.

Why not have the best?
40 Styles of beautiful Oxfords and Shoes to Select From.

EASTER

Patent Leather, Vici Kid, Patent Colt, Gun Metal,

PRICES, $1.00 to $4.00

Styles and workmanship Supreme.

The Progressive Shoe Store

Chas. M. Evans

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 9 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

J. Warren Mifflin will build a three story brick hotel at Silver Brook.

All the good jobs are taken, and it takes a genius to make a place for himself.

Columbia Park opened for the season on Saturday night with a dance. A large crowd was present.

The Normal Auditorium will be occupied on June 4th and 6th by the High School Commencement week exercises.

Geo. S. Lee of Jerseytown is serving on the traverse jury this week. He is one of our old time friends whom we are always glad to meet.

Mrs. F. H. Jenkins and Mrs. G. P. Frymire attended a meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Lutheran church in Philadelphia this week.

Here is Relief for Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant, herb cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's Australian Leaf It is a safe and never-failing monthly regulator At Druggists or by mail 50 cents Sample package FREE, Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 5-2-4t.

Mrs. Janette Harman VanHorn, mother of our townsman Dr. C. S. VanHorn, died at her home in Town Hill, Luzerne county, on Snnday evening, aged nearly 65 years.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied. tf.

Miss Martha Blanche McKamey of Espy, died at the Mercy Hospital, at Wilkes Barre on Monday afternoon, after an illness of several months. She was a daughter of Samuel McKamey.

Jonathan Poust, of Orangeville, one of our esteemed friends, who has been a reader of this paper for more than thirty years, was in town on Wednesday, and made a pleasant call at this office.

New Barn Raised.

The frame for a large new barn was raised on the farm of William Chrisman, Esq., in Madison township on Wednesday. The barn was burned last June, being struck by lightning. The building will require 55,000 feet of lumber, and there were 53 men who assisted in the raising.

WAR VETERAN DEAD.

Zachariah Thomas died at his home, corner of sixth and Center streets, on Sunday morning, after an illness of only a few days, with pneumonia.

Mr. Thomas was born at Easton on the 23rd of October, 1836, and removed to Bloomsburg with his parents when he was a small child. With the exception of a few years spent in Iowa, Mr. Thomas has always lived in Bloomsburg where he followed the business of carpenter. He leaves to survive him one son, Charles Thomas, residing at Pittston, and two daughters, Mrs. Nellie Ritter of town, and Mrs. Edith Dieterick of Joliet, Ill. Beside these there is a brother and two sisters, William Thomas and Miss Crissy Thomas, with whom he has made his home for years, and Mrs. Joseph Chrisman.

The funeral was held on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

The deceased had an enviable army record He was among the first to enlist at the beginning of the civil war, going in as a private and coming out as a lieutenant. He enlisted in Iowa in 1861 and was engaged in 27 battles. Discharged February 5, 1864 and reenlisted in same regiment at Scottsdale, Alabama, as a veteran to serve three years, or during the war. He was once wounded in the right leg. He was a member of Ent Post G. A. R.

OLD DANVILLE CEMETERY.

On Bloom Street to be Removed.

The Danville *Morning News* of Tuesday says:

"There seems little doubt but that the proposition to abolish the old cemetery on Bloom street and to establish a park on the spot will be carried through to success.

In all some eleven hundred dollars have been subscribed to date. Some two thousand dollars is the limit fixed as necessary to pay all expenses incident to the improvement. A great deal of formality is involved, especially in getting rid of the cemetery, but no material step will be taken in the proceedings until it is determined whether or not the whole sum of money needed can be raised.

* * * * *

It was learned that the intention is to push the canvassing along as rapidly as possible, finishing up, if possible, this week. As a next step the old burial ground will be returned to court when it convenes on the 27th inst. There is no question but that it will be condemned, although the exact form that procedure may take beyond that point is not so clear.

The committee of council in whose hands the matter rests feels quite confident both that the money required can be raised and that the borough will be empowered to abolish the cemetery and to establish a park on the site."

This is a step in the right direction. The old grave yard has been in a neglected and dilapidated condition for many years.

NORMAL ELECTION.

The annual election of trustees of the Normal School was held on Monday afternoon, with the following result: For 3 years, A. Z. Schoch, J. M. Clark, A. L. Fritz, Voris Auten; for 1 year, Geo. J. Clark. These are on the part of the stockholders. Dr. J. J. Brown and R. C. Neal were recommended to the Department of Public Instruction for appointment on the part of the State for 3 years.

These are all re-elections except Judge Auten of Mt. Carmel, who takes the place of F. P. Billmeyer, who is not a resident of the State; and Grenville J. Clark, Esq., of Wilkes-Barre, who was elected for one year to fill the unexpired term of Geo. E. Elwell. After serving on the board for nearly twenty years, Mr. Elwell recently resigned for business reasons.

Two hundred and fifty-two votes were polled. S. F. Peacock and Harry S. Barton were the tellers.

HEARD IN COURT.

The first case heard in Court on Monday was the application of John Hinchey for the transfer of the liquor license of Mrs. Mary Conlin of Centralia. Witnesses were called as to character of Hinchey, Transfer allowed.

Charles Fetterman was brought up on complaint of his wife, Ida Fetterman, for non-support. Defendant was sentenced to pay his wife $1.50 a week, from May 18th, or provide a home for her, pay the costs, and give bail in $200 to comply with this order.

Commonwealth vs. G. S. John. Defendant charged with making threats etc. Defendant not appearing, bench warrant was issued.

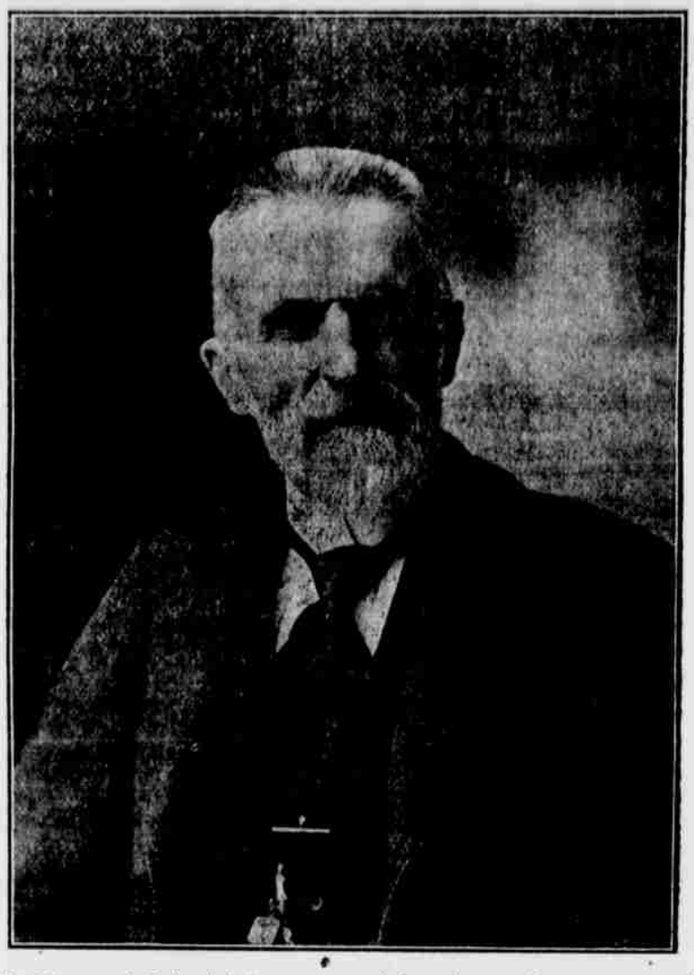
Jessie Mann vs. C. F. Mann. Decree in divorce entered.

Subpoenas in divorce in cases of Anna J. McLaughlin vs. L. McLaughlin, and Claude H. Houck vs. Elsie Houck, awarded upon petition of A. C. Jackson, Esq.

PARISH HOUSE SUPPER.

The members of St. Margaret's Guild will serve a supper at the Parish House on Saturday, May 18, beginning at five o'clock. Supper 25 cents; ice cream and cake extra.

H. W. C AMPLIN M. D.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.
Ent Building. Bloomsburg, Pa.



To the Voters of Columbia County:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Associate Judge, (Second term.) The rules of the Democratic Party of this county provide that the office of Associate Judge is in the two term class.

I am, however, not basing my candidacy on this proposition alone, but I ask my constituency to examine my record as Judge, and if I have performed my duties according to law, and in compliance with my oath of office I ask for a re-election with the purpose of faithfully executing the trust reposed in me.

Since I have assumed the duties of Associate Judge my salary has been as follows: first year, $395; second year, $435; third year $445, and fourth year $435, or a total of $1710 for four years' service.

It will be plainly seen that the salary received is not an inducement to make a political canvass for the office. There are others who of course draw more. In one county of this Commonwealth, the Auditor General's report shows one year's salary to be as high as $1569.35, or nearly as much as I received in four years.

I can only add that it is my purpose to execute this trust more in the interests of the people than for the emoluments of the office.

Respectfully soliciting your support, I am,

Faithfully yours,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Bloomsburg, Pa., April 29, 1907.

FIFTY BELONG TO BLACK HAND.

In Shamokin Regions, Says Prominent Italian —Secret Service Plan to End Organization.

"Not two thirds of the crimes attributed to the Black Hand are really committed by this organization," said a prominent Italian resident of Shamokin Saturday. He said, however, that without doubt the society was organized in the county. Asked how many Italians belonged to it he said that there were at least fifty in that region. It is the belief that this organization is in direct communication with the New York and Philadelphia branches of the society and that its members who commit crimes are spirited away to comrades in these cities and are safe from retributive justice as though the earth had swallowed them up.

Secret service men sent out through the alliance of the district attorneys of New York, Philadelphia and Luzerne county are expected to end the reign of terror that the Black Hand has exercised for some time in the eastern States.

A net work of special police is to be spread for the violators of the law, which will effectually rid Northumberland county of them. The plan includes all the counties in the State where the Black Hand is known to exist. So far the authorities of Northumberland county have not been asked for cooperation in the scheme but it is expected that the plan will be made general.

The Italian above mentioned who is thoroughly familiar with the system pursued by the Black Hand said that very few of the letters supposed to be sent by the Black Hand are the genuine articles. The real Black Hand missive is only a spot of paper, blackened on one side and with a skull and cross bones on the other. Sometimes the missive states what sum of money is demanded and how long a time is given for the accomplishment of the demands.

"The Black Hand," continued the speaker, "is a gang of organized highwaymen and cutthroats. They want to make money without working. All good thinking Italians will be glad to see it exterminated from this country."

Friendship Festival.

Friendship Fire Co. No. 1 will hold a festival in Town Hall on Friday and Saturday, May 17th and 18th. The public should give them a liberal patronage.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TRIALS IN COURT.

Nicholas Blace was charged with assault and battery with intent to kill. He was convicted of abusing his wife, kicking her and threatening to kill her. The sentence was that he pay the costs of prosecution, pay a fine of $25, and go to jail for four months. This case was from Centralia.

Oscar Karns pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing grain from D. W. Parker of Greenwood township. District Attorney Small stated that the defendant had made restitution. D. W. Parker made a statement of the facts in the case. The Court sentenced defendant to pay cost of prosecution, fine of $10, and go to jail for 60 days.

Robert Horne was convicted of fornication and bastardy, the prosecutrix being Salome Fetterman. The case was warmly contested, the defense being an alibi, a hotel register at Sunbury showing that Horne was in that place on the night of April 22, the time the offense was said to have been committed. The jury found him guilty. A motion was made for a new trial.

SCRAP PAPER NUISANCE.

A number of times we have been compelled to forbid children to come to this office for scrap paper. They scatter the paper all over the floor, and often fling it into the street after they leave the office. Besides that, the nuisance of dozens of children daily coming into a business office with their ceaseless chattering has become unendurable. We are pretty good natured people, but this thing has reached the limit, and children who come in for scrap will now find a sign on the door, which reads "No scrap paper given away to children."

Liz Skipped.

Lizzie Earhart who has been running a disreputable house on East Seventh street for some time past, was indicted on Monday, on the report of Constable Betz. When the officer went to get her she was not at home and has not been found. A few courts ago she was scared out of town, but she soon returned and continued business at the same place. She will probably do the same thing this time.

Public Sale.

Ten room housefull of household goods must be sold at once to settle estate. Sale Friday, May 10th 1:30 p. m. at 442 W. Main St. Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. E. White and L. M. White, Heirs of Mrs. Geo. W. Corell.

THE CLARK STORE

Special Sale of Lace Curtains.
Ladies' Suits at Reduced Prices.
Big Bargains in Trimmed Hats.
Feathers and Flowers at Big Reductions.
See Our White Dress Goods.
Hosiery and Underwear, All Kinds.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,
—DEALERS IN—
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.
Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.
ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains
You Will Find a Nice Line at
W. H. BROWER'S
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00
Our Price $1.50

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Date.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name,.....

Address.....

.....

TO DEPOSE MRS. EDDY

Cabinet at Pleasent View Now Divided in Favor of Mrs. Stetson.

CONSPIRACY ON FOOT

Charge is Made that the Leader of the Christian Science Church in New York City Is Identified with Strange Activities at Concord, and that Frye Is Her Agent.

Boston Mass, May 7.—Developments in the equity suit to compel an accounting of the estate of Mary Baker G. Eddy reveal an amazing state of affairs at Pleasant View, Concord, N. H., where the aged founder of Christian Science, according to the sworn charges of her relatives is a helpless prisoner in the power of conspirators.

Former Senator William E. Chandler and all the lawyers associated with him as counsel for the plaintiff relatives now express the belief that Mrs. Eddy, wrecked in health and unbalanced in mind, is beset on every side by two opposing sets of conspirators, engaged in a desperate conflict for mastery.

It is now charged that Mrs. Agusta Stetson, leader of the Christian Science cult in New York City, is closely identified with the strange activities at Pleasant View; that Calvin A. Frye, the all powerful footman-secretary, is Mrs. Stetson's agent in that house of mystery; and that a plot is on foot to compel the retirement of Mrs. Eddy and the elevation of Mrs. Stetson to the leadership.

It is further charged, on the strength of new-found evidence, that Alfred Farlow, H. S. Hering, Irving Tomlinson and the other defendants named in the bill of equity, are combined in determined opposition to the Stetson-Frye group.

DEAN HUFFCUT A SUICIDE.

Was Head of Cornell Law School and Gov. Hughes's Adviser.

New York, May 7.—Ernest Wilson Huffcut, forty-seven years old, legal adviser to Governor Hughes, reviser of the much discussed Public Utilities bill and until recently dean to the law school of Cornell University, committed suicide on the promenade deck of the Hudson River steamboat C. W. Morse, on which he had taken passage from Albany to New York.

Mental depression, caused by overwork and insomnia, and possibly aggravated by the defeat of the effort to overthrow Otto H. Kelsey and the fight on the Utilities bill, is given as the reason for his act of self destruction. A letter to his sister, which was found in his stateroom, indicates that he was suffering from brain fag and that he had long considered the finding of "sleep after toil" by taking his life.

LEOPOLD'S MISSION FAILS.

French Financiers Did Not Accept Belgian Ruler's Congo Proposals.

Paris, May 7.—Absolute confirmation has been obtained by The Associated Press of the complete failure of the mission of King Leopold of Belgium to Paris, which was indirectly designed to obtain the support of France against Great Britain in the matter of the Congo Independent State.

KING LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM.

The plan was to induce a French financial institution to convert the Congo debt, hypothecating for that purpose the railroads and other franchises of the Congo to the French Government, which already enjoys preference in the matter of taking over the Congo, should Belgium decline to refuse to consider the proposals made on the subject to that country.

JERSEY JUSTICE QUICK, HEAVY.

Negro Who Attacked Miss Paris Sentenced to Twelve Years and $3,000 Fine, Extreme Penalty.

Woodbury, N. J., May 7.—Swift justice was meted out to Edward Gibson, a negro, who attacked Miss Dorothy Paris, nineteen years old of Wenonah. Gobsin, who was caught soon afterward, was arrainged today before Judge Scott. He made no defence, and the Court sentenced him to twelve years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $3,000.

SLAYER OF THREE CONFESSES.

Tells of Murder Without the Slightest Sign of Remorse.

Goshen, N. Y., May 7.—"Take me out and kill me any time you please" said Charles H. Rogers when at his journey's end here. He was locked up in the couty jail charged with three peculiarly atrocious murders.

He had made full confession that he was the sole person responsible for the killing of Fred R. Olney, Willis Olney and Alice Ingerick, daughter of their housekeeper, Mrs. Ingerick, whose life he also tried to take at the Olney farm near Howell's Station on the Erie, fourteen miles from here.

The murders were done on Oct. 6 1905. For a long time it appeared as if justice would be foiled. Although Rogers, who was a farm laborer and a trolley motorman, was under suspicion, there was little to connect him with the crime, except the fact hn he had dissappeared e day of the the murder.

Persistent but vain efforts had been made to discover Roger's whereabouts, until the final clue came in a way that proves again the truth of the trite saying, murder will out.

AUTO HUNT IN JERSEY.

State's Machine, in Disguise, Starts Out to Get Speed Violators.

Trenton, May 9.—Somewhere on the highways of the State is the new seventy-five-mile-an-hour automobile of State Motor Vehicle Commissioner J. B. R. Smith, waiting for violators of the State auto laws. The machine went into commission to-day and departed from the State capital under sealed orders.

This is the opening of the campaign against violators of the State automobile laws. The new machine, holding State Inspectors, has no distinguishing marks on it.

The number will be changed from time to time, and arrangements have been made to substitute another car as soon as autoists learn the identity of the State machine. Occupants of this car will have power to stop any automobilist and demand the production of his credentials.

STRICKEN DUMB IN COURT.

Lawyer Who Was About to Plead May Be Forever Mute.

South Norwalk, Conn., May 9.—Ernest C. Gregory, a young lawyer, appeared recently to make an appeal for a client. As he attempted to address the Court his voice failed him and he could not utter a word.

The lawyer coughed, hemmed and rubbed his ears, thinking that perhaps he couldn't hear his own voice, and the Judge thought the proceeding decidedly unprofessional, as the spectators had begun to laugh. He started to upbraid the lawyer, but Gregory fell back in his chair almost in a swoon from surprise and grief. The laughter subsided when the gravity of the situation became apparent. It was thought that the affliction might be but temporary, but experts have ascertained that the vocal organs are paralyzed.

11,000 HERERos PERISH.

Brave Foes of Germans Seek a New Home—4,000 Survive.

Cape Town, May 9.—Finding it useless to further resist the German troops, 15,000 Herero tribesmen, according to information received here to-day from German Southwest Africa, decided some time ago to move northeastward, with the object of establishing a settlement in the Lake Ngami region.

Only 4,000 of the natives reached their destination, after terrible sufferings, the remaining 11,000 having perished from starvation.

Sports.

CAUGHT AFTER 30 YEARS.

Man Under Indictment for Murder Arrested in Virginia.

Gainesville, Va., May 7.—Thirty years after being indicted for the murder of William King in Madison County, Georgia, William Graham was arrested in Hall County, where he has lived since 1877.

Graham is said to have beaten King so badly with a stick that the latter died from his injuries.

Hanged But is Revived; Free.

Galveston, Tex., May 9.—John A. Armstrong, a negro who was legally hanged and officially pronounced dead, at Colombus, Texas, on April 27, for the murder of his wife, is alive and presumably fully recovered, where he is. The hanging was a bungling affair, and the rope broke, but the doctors pronounced the man dead and his body was delivered to relatives. Armstrong was revived and a log of wood was placed in the coffin and buried. The District Attorney declares the man can be hanged and a warrant has been issued.

The State Attorney General contends that the man cannot be hanged twice for the same crime. A friend says the condemned man had been working on his neck for months preparing for the trick which cheated the gallows.

Convicted on Peonage Charge.

Tampa, Fla., May 9.—F. I. Howden general manager of the Prairie Pebble Phosphate Company at Mulberry, Fla., was convicted of peonage by a jury in the United States Court after two day's trial. Judge Locke reserved sentence.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Eight men were shot in riots between strike breakers and strikers in the streets of San Francisco.

Both Senator Raines and Speaker Wadsworth declared themselves firmly against the present "removal" clause in the Public Utilities bill and will fight the Governor of New York on it.

Six occupants of a boarding house in San Francisco were shot by an insane man.

The Lake, a submarine boat, made a maximum speed of 7.73 knots running awash in the tests at Newport.

Cuban despatches announced the recovery of President Palma from a serious attack of liver trouble.

Announcement was made in Pittsburg that Mrs William Thaw had mortgaged Lyndhurst for $100,000 to help pay expenses of her son's trial.

Insurance companies declared that Mrs. Ella H. Shumaker, of Pittsburg, who is sueing for $40,000, the amount of policies on Alvin P. Shumaker's life, was never legally wed to Shumaker.

Harold S. Jones, sixteen years old, shot himself in Philadelphia after turning highwayman and shooting at a policeman whom he thought he had killed.

Two nephews, George Gront Mason and William Smith Mason, are te principal heirs to the great fortune left by James Henry Smith, whose will was made public.

Representatives of more than twenty steamship lines in New York decided to resist the longshoremen's wage demands indefinitely.

Deleware and Hudon directors plan to issue $15,000,000 convertible bonds and authorize stock increase.

London markets continued stagnant and extravagant rumors were the only diversion.

Miss Margaret Curtis and Miss Harriet Curtis both survived the first round in the women's British golf championship at Newcastle, county Down.

Five hundred women took part in the opening championship play of the Women's Whist League in the Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

It is believed in Washington that the dispute between Mexico and Guatemala, while acute, will not lead to hostilities.

Senators who voted for Otto Kelsey are coming over to Governor Hughes and assuring him of their support of the Public Utilities bill.

Counsel for William D. Haywood, accused of the murder of Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, asked the court in Boise to direct the State of furnish a bill of particulars before going to trial.

Tuberculosis in children and sources of infection were discussed by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis in Washington, D. C.

High winds compelled a postponement of the submarine boat trials at Newport.

Secretary of War Taft denied that the Jamaican government had been asked to pay for supplies sent by the United States for the Kingston earthquake sufferers.

It is alleged, by a Chicago trust company that men known as Standard oil people had conspired to wreck the Corn Products Company.

Whiskey rectifiers protested against Attorney General Bonapartes ruling barring the label "whiskey" on any but "straight goods."

Relatives of Mrs. De Massey, slayer of Gustave Simon, a wealthy New York City manufacturer, declared that she was no baroness, but just plain Della Benoit, of Worcester, Mass.

Fifty thousand socialists and labor men in a demonstration in New York City to express sympathy with Moyer, Heywood and Pettibone denounced President Roosevelt.

Secretary Taft, with the approval of President Roosevelt, refused the demand of Panama Canal steam shovel men for higher wages.

It was declared by an expert steel rail maker in Pittsburg that the process of making railroad rails left every one defective when finished.

Steps were taken to prosecute those involved in the Pennsylvania State Capitol scandal, where, it is estimated, $3,500,000 profits were made out of a $5,556,785 contract.

John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, declared in favor of compulsory publicity of all the affairs of every trust.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Latin-American diplomats in Washington resented Andrew Carnegie's selection of Diego Mendoza, formerly Colombian Minister, to go on a peace mission to South American republics.

Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, discussing politics in Paris, said President Roosevelt and William J. Bryan would be the leading Presidential candidates in 1908.

James T. Ford, an English engineer, jumped from the Deutschland, three days out from New York.

Dr. and Mrs. Bullock Workman, of the United States, climbed to heights in the Himalaya Mountains hitherto unknown to man, says a despatch from Paris.

The long awaited Irish bill, designed to meet the demand for home rule, was presented by the government to the House of Commons.

In the French Chamber M. Clemenceau, Premier, demanded a consolidation of the long list of interpellations on the policy of the government in dealing with labor demonstrations.

The commercial modus vivendi between the United States and Germany passed its first reading in the Reichstag.

GENERAL.

Two Japanese cruisers and one Chilian cruiser joined the fleet of war ships at Hampton Roads.

At no fewer than seven theatres American plays or actors or American subjects occupy the stage says a despatch from London.

According to a despatch from Paris, American artists' works are slighted in the Salon, being badly placed.

A despatch from Paris says that many priests have formed unions to buy supplies cheaply and to obtain work to support themselves.

Amin es Sultan, new Persian Premier, attended a Cabinet meeting and spoke hopefully of concord between the government and the national party, says a despatch from Teheran.

On the London Stock Exchange a complete deadlock exists, according to a despatch.

King Alfonso opened Madrid's first automobile exposition, according to a despatch.

By the proposed Irish Council bill it is believed that an elective body will be formed having control of expenditure without complete home rule.

A Christiania despatch gives an account of the remarkable discovery of important manuscripts of Henrik one of them being a complete epic Ibsen, all written before 1864, and poem.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Giants won first place in the National Baseball League by defeating Brooklyn, 2 to 1.

A. L. Thomes, expelled in Syracuse last September, was reinstated by the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association.

Dr. Gardner won the Montague and Frizette the Rosedale Stakes at the Jamaica race track.

Harvard easily defeated Dartmouth in a dual athletic meet.

The Eastern Yacht Club has arranged for a three days' meet of motor boats off Marblehead in July.

One hundred fast trotters and pacers were in line in the annual parade on the Hudson River Speedway, New York.

LAND ROBBERS SENTENCED.

Ex-Senators of Oregon Sent to Prison and Heavily Fined.

Portland, Ore., May 7.—Former State Senators Franklin P. Mays and W. N. Jones were sentenced by Federal Judge W. H. Hunt in connection with the land fraud cases of Eastern Oregon.

May's punishment is a $10,000 fine and four months in jail, and that of Jones is $2,000 and eight months in jail Mays's sentence was stayed until Nov. 1. to permit the case going before the United States Court of Appeals.

Kills Consumptives When Dying.

Washington, May 9.—"It is my practice and it is your sacred duty, when you see a dying consumptive before you, to give that sufferer morphine in plenty, that the end may come quickly and painlessly."

This sensational statement, made before the members of the National Tuberculosis Congress by Dr. S. Adolph Knopf, of No. 16 West Ninety-fifth street, New York City, caused the session to adjourn in confusion, and is the chief topic of discussion among the noted medical men now gathered in this city.

Dr. Knopf is one of the world's foremost authorities upon tuberculosis. Emperor William decorated him for his work in fighting the white plague and gave him a prize of $5,000 for the best treatise upon that disease.

$100 Grows to $19,431.72.

Northhampton, Mass., May 9.—The will of John James, of Goshen made one hundred years ago, was presented in the Probate Court here. It stipulated that $100 yith its accumulated interest should go to the Congregational Church, of Goshen. The $100, with its interest, has grown to $19,431.72.

Oldest Connecticut Man Dead.

North Woodstock, Conn., May 9.—Beumin Warner, probably the oldest resident of Connecticut, died here at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Harriet Mathewson. He was 103 years old, and in 1832 married Sarah Gayley, who survives him.

DEATH OF IAN MAC LAREN

Famous Author and English Clergyman Dies from Bloodpoison.

END WAS UNEXPECTED

Renowned As Writer, Lecturer and Preacher "Bonnie Briar Bush" His Writings Were Varied and Covered Most Noted Work, Though His a Wide Field.

Burlington Ia., May 8.—Dr. John Watson (Ian Maclaren), famous author, died at Mount Pleasant, Id. The cause was blood poisoning from tonsilitis. He was taken ill at Mount Pleasant April 25, an abscess formed on the right ear. Blood poisoning set in, and other abscesses started to form in the left ear and throat. The patient's condition was aggravated by a bad attack of rheumatism. Watson's end was sudden and unexpected, and was hastened by a weak heart.

Dr. Watson was born at Manningtree, Essex, England, Nov. 3, 1850. He was the eldest son of the late John Watson, an employe of the British civil service, received his education at Edinburgh university and in Germany and was ordained a minister of the Free Church of Scotland in 1874.

The Rev. John Watson, D. D., was better known to the world of readers by the pseudonymn of Ian Maclaren, first adopted in what is still his best known novel. "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," in 1894 and continued on the title pages of other charming stories of Scottish life and character which followed in almost yearly succession until the appearance of "His Majesty's Baby," in 1902.

ELLEN TERRY WEDS AT 59.

Famous English Actress is the Bride of Her Leading Man.

New York, May 8.—Miss Ellen Terry, a famous English actress, was married to her leading man, James Carew, while the actress' company was playing in Pittsburg, Pa., on March 27.

In years Mr. Carew is much the junior of his bride. He is thirty-five years old, while she is fifty-nine. She

MISS ELLEN TERRY.

has already been twice married. Nevertheless it is understood by all their friends that it was purely a love match, the beginning of which was soon after their first meeting.

In the House of Lords the conservative bill to reconstitute the upper chamber on a partly elective basis was debated, but the liberal government refused to be drawn out as to its plans.

MARVIN CHILD FOUND DEAD

Hunter Comes Upon the Body Face Downward in a Marsh.

Dover, Del., May 7.—Lying in a marshy piece of land the body of little Horace N. Marvin, the four-year-old son of Dr. H. N. Marvin, whose mysterious disappearance from the Bay Meadow farm, near Dover, had baffled solution since March 4, was found about half a mile from the Marvin farm to-day by Ollie Pleasanton, a farmer.

Dr. Marvin says he searched over the same marsh nearly every day since the disappearance, and with detectives burned grass off the place four weks ago, but saw no signs of the body.

Artificial Copper.

Baltimore, Md., May 7.—Dr. Ira Remsen president of John Hopkins University, is authority for the statement that Sir William Ramsay, a famous chemist of Cambridge University, has discovered the method of making artificial copper, and that the great discovery will be made known to science when Sir William will read the paper on the subject before the Royal Chemical Society of Great Britain.

Railroads Halt Work.

Memphis, May 7.—Railroads running through Mississippi are showing their resentment against recent adverse legislation by calling a halt on all work projected for this year and next, except what must be finished.

TO SOOTHE THE JAPANESE.

Ambassador Aoki Will Make Addresses on Pacific Coast.

Washington, May 7.—Viscount Aoki, the Japanese Ambassador, has decided to visit the Pacific coast and make a series of addresses to his countrymen there, for the purpose of

VISCOUNT SIUZO AOKI.

soothing the feelings of the Japanese on the coast ruffled by the San Francisco school incident and by the new law barring Japanese from the United States. He will make this visit on the invitation of the Japanese associations of San Francisco and Seattle.

Longshoremen Strike.

New York, May 9.—With 16,000 longshoremen idle and on strike along the river fronts of Manhattan, Brooklyn, Jersey City and Hoboken, it is remarkable that only one small conflict that might be dignified with the name of a "disturbance." For the rest the strikers 'stood by," waiting to see how long the steamship companies would suffer good freight business to go to waste for the sake of the extra pay they are demanding.

As affairs stand, the 'longshoremen have the upper hand. Where a gang of 250 or 300 men would be needed to unload a cargo, load the ship and get her away on time, some of the big liners were doing the best they could with their own crews.

Tornado Kills Nine.

Mount Pleasant, Tex., May 9.—Heavy damage and loss of life were wrought by a tornado which swept North Texas. The towns of Ridgeway and Birthright, forty miles west of here, are reported practically destroyed. Nine persons are reported killed in the two villages and the vicinity.

Birthright, a town of 500 inhabitants, is reported to have been completely destroyed.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

National.

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York	16	8	.842
Chicago	15	8	.833
Pittsburg	9	5	.643
Philadephia	10	6	.625
Boston	7	10	.412
Cincinnati	7	10	.412
St. Louis	3	16	.158
Brooklyn	1	15	.063

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	14	6	.700
New York	11	6	.647
Philadelphia	10	7	.588
Detroit	10	8	.526
Cleveland	9	10	.474
Boston	8	10	.444
Washington	5	11	.313
St. Louis	5	14	.263

FINANCIAL.

Stocks were weak and inactive.

Figures of the bank statement showed a decrease in surplus reserve of $5,522,150, an increase in loans of $16,902,700 and an increase in deposits of $14,416,600.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

MILK.—The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3 cents per quart.

BUTTER.—Creamery, Western, extra 27c. State dairy finest 26a26½c, Firsts 25a26c.

CHEESE.—State, full cream, fancy, 14a15c. part skims, 7½a8½c. small 13½a15c.

EGGS.—State & Penn 19a20c. Western Firsts, 17½a18c.

CHICKENS.—Phila., per lb., 11a18c.

DUCKLINGS.—sp'g. per lb. 20a25c.

HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.17½a1.25.

STRAW.—Long rye, 60a67½c.

POTATOES.—Old bbl., $1.50a2.00.

CUCUMBERS.—Basket, $2.25a3.25.

ONIONS.—White, per bbl. $2.25a3.75.

LETTUCE.—Basket, $1.00a3.00.

SPINACH.—Barrel, $2.00a3.00.

BEETS.—per bbl. $0.75a1.25.

FLOUR.—Winter patents, $3.60a3.85; Spring patents, $4.20a5.05.

WHEAT.—No. 1, 94c. No. 2 Red, 88½c.

CORN.—No. 2 White, 59c.

OATS.—Mixed, @ 47½c.

BEEVES.—City dres'd. 7a9½c.

CALVES.—City dres'd. 8a12c.

Country dressed per lb. 6a9½c.

SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. $4.50.

HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. $6.20a7.25.

Country dressed per lb. 8½a9½c.

OUR COUNTRY AND BRAZIL

Another U. S. Which is About as Big as We Are.

THEY AIM TO EXPAND

Area, People and Natural Resources of Brazil—Immigration Welcomed Attractive Regions With Some Very Serious Buts—The Coffee Harvest.

We are not the only United States in the world. The United States of Brazil is as big as we are, with half of Alaska thrown in. She occupies almost one-half of the whole continent of South America.

As for resources, Brazil is described by the Review of Reviews as unlimited in her natural products possessing the largest river system and the vastest forests in the world, producing, moreover, three-fourths of the world's coffee supply and the greater part of its rubber.

On the other hand Brazil's population is little more than 16,000,000, an average of five persons to the square mile. This population is made up of Europeans, aborigines and negroes.

Where these have met a triple fusion long since set in. There is a small minority of pure Portuguese descent. Portuguese, by the way, is the language of the country.

Not only is immigration welcome, but finding that her envious neighbors were robbing her of her colonists Brazil has retaliated by imposing a substantial tax upon all persons leaving the country; a measure as effective as it is radical.

Not satisfied with her great size Brazil is constantly absorbing more territory. Expansion is the constant aim; expansion toward the River Plate, whereby Uraguay for a time lost her independence and never regained all the territory that should be hers; expansion at the expense of Paraguay and Peru, and more recently Bolivia, which has surrendered for a price her rich territory of Acre; expansion toward the northwest and in Guiana, where a recent award has deprived France of a large coveted area and added it to this insatiable republic.

Brazil is not a lowland country, quite three-fourths of her territory having an altitude of more than 500 feet.

Politically the country is divided into twenty-one States, but so unequally that three of these embrace almost all the lowlands and are larger than the whole area of the remaining eighteen. These eighteen, however, contain 96 per cent. of the poulation, so that the first three States, with a terrritory larger than that of China, have a population smaller than that of Connecticut.

The fertility and resources of this latter region are great, but lest the reader may rush off to seize upon them here is an extract from a report made by a former United States Consul regarding the valley of the Amazon:

"There is a false impression existing that rubber trees, ebony, rosewood and all the rest are found in great groves or clusters, like our pine or oak forests. The fact is that these trees are solitary. When two of them are only a quarter of a mile apart (and remember that the quarter mile is not open space, but thickly matted, almost impenetrable, swamp forest) they are considered close together; if they are a mile apart they are not considered to be very far distant from each other."

The richest mineral deposits are found in the State of Minas Garaes, which has been famous for centuries for its gold and diamond mines. There are at present six large gold mines in operation, all under foreign capital, and others are rapidly being opened; yet rich as is this field, it has apparently never appealed to the American investor, and is passing almost entirely into the hands of the English.

The two States of Rio de Janeiro and Sao Paulo may be described as one vast coffee estate. Coffee forms half, in value, of the total exports of Brazil. It is three times the value of our tobacco exports and five-sixths that of our iron and steel. It surpasses the entire tea output of China, India and Ceylon.

Rio is destined to be supplanted as the capital of the country. The Brazilian Congress has chosen a beautiful plateau in the central State of Goyaz as a site for the new capital, which in time will be connected by rail with all the States, some of which at present are almost inaccessible.

Russia Was Afraid of Him.

Lord Radstock is notable as one of the few members of the peerage who not only take an interest in religious work, but preached frequently, both in London and the provinces. Lord Radstock actually founded in Russia the sect known as the Pashoffski, which may be best described as synonymous with Bible Christians. So great was the effect produced in Russia by this single-hearted Englishman of rank that the head of the Holy Synod became alarmed, and Lord Radstock, on leaving that country, was forbidden to return!

When a man persists in forcing undeserved compliments upon you, he usually has an axe to grind; try to borrow something from him at once, or you may find yourself the lender.

If You Read This

It will be to learn that the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung disease (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous, harmful or habit-forming drugs and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful agent in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

HOME COOKING.

Chicken Chowder.

Boil a fowl until tender, then cut into dice. When the liquid is cold skim off the fat. Fry in this fat two sliced onions, add five peeled potatoes, cut into dice, and put in the cut-up chicken. Add the chicken liquor, turn all into a pot, season with pepper and salt, and, if they are desired, add a can of tomatoes. The chowder is good with or without this addition. Cook all together for a half hour.

Breakfast Coffee Cake.

Take a piece of bread dough and add one-half cupful of sugar and a tablespoonful of melted butter; then roll out an inch thick and put on a greased pie pan, brush the top with melted butter and cover thick with cinnamon and sugar; let it rise and bake quick. Cut in long narrow strips to serve. Eat hot or cold. It is nice made Saturday with the other baking to use Sunday morning for breakfast.

Tender Pot Roast.

Put the beef into an iron pot with a little butter, but with no salt. Brown on both sides, then add two tablespoonfuls of vinegar and boil for a few miutes before pouring in a little water, then salt, pepper, onion juice and a pinch of baking soda. Cook until it is tender enough to fall apart, then thicken the gravy, transfer the meat to a platter, put the gravy over it and garnish with parsley.

To Keep A Fire.

If a fire is needed to be kept in for a long time the following method is recommended:

On the top of a glowing fire place some newspapers, dampened and folded into tight balls; on the top of this place a layer of dampened coal dust, and then again a layer of newspaper balls, finishing with a layer of coal dust.

When the fire is required it will only be necessary to give a gentle stir and place a few small pieces at the top and in a short space of time there will be a good fire. All cinders should be carefully sifted through a small-meshed riddle. They can then be placed at the back of the fire or next to the wood for lighting, when a clear fire can soon be obtained.

What Not To Wear.

A poorly fitting corset under a well-made dress.

White muslin petticoats for street wear.

Bordered lace veils unless they are worn below the chin, and dotted veils with weak eyes.

Trailing skirts on a stormy day. Ripped or torn kid gloves at any time.

Large buttons for fastening a waist over a stout figure.

Rose pink accessories under or over a wrinkled face or neck.

Grey or navy blue veils over a sallow complexion.

Round hats with a full face and a peaked crown with sharp-faced features.

Linen collars with a homely neck, or linen cuffs with dark, thin or wrinkled hands.

Tightly drawn back hair with a thin face, and a high coiffure with a long head.

Padding the Handle of an Iron.

If you suffer from soreness of the hand after ironing a remedy will be found in a double thickness of chamois cut to shape and stitched neatly over the iron handle. The seam is to be turned underneath. Canton flannel is also good though not so soft as the chamois. Of course an arrangement of this sort would apply only to patent irons with detachable handles.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS

Dave and His Wheelbarrow.

"Cr-e-e-gee-gh! Cr-e-e-gee-gh!" groaned the over-tried wheel of the old wheelbarrow, as it swayed under its load around the house from the garden, across the front yard to the barn, and then around to the swamphole behind, which needed to be filled, and so was used for a dumping place for all sorts of refuse.

No one ever though to grease the wheel; and Dave in his enthusiastic energy crowded double the weight it ought to bear into the wheelbarrow, and then bent his own back in the exertion of holding up the handles and pushing it forward.

Dave was ready and willing, and the wheel was ready and willing, too; but it bent first to one way and then to the other, under the load, and voiced its pain in a discordant wail at being forced to wear out prematurely just for want of a little grease.

But no one had told Dave about it, and he had not yet found out for himself, though more than once he had bent over and peered into the wheel in search of a possible stone or stick that might have worked into it somewhere.

Dave was not a real country boy who knew all about such things, and the woman who employed him was not a real country woman, who might have known. She had bought the big farm just for a place to stay at a few months in the summer with her friends, and Dave, whose growing ambition had made him walk out from the city, had been hired for a month, with a promise that if he suited he would be engaged permanently, and could help look after the place in the winter, when the owner would be away.

For this he would receive $15 a month, and, if he wished it, the use of a tiny house at the foot of the orchard.

The house had appealed to Dave even more than the wages. If he got it he would send to the city after his mother and sister, who were out of work and wanted to leave.

That is why he put double loads into the wheelbarrow and tried to trundle it around behind the barn twice as often as any other boy would have done. But day by day, as the creaking grew louder and more insistent, he began to glance toward the windows apprehensively.

Then, at what seemed the critical moment, a bit of Dave's bread upon the water returned to him. A neighboring farmer stopped by the garden wall one day and looked at him curiously.

"Ain't ye the boy who fixed up a dog's foot in the road one day," he asked—"a yaller dog?"

"Yes, sir; there was a big splinter in it."

"Well, I seen ye 'cross the field. It was my dog, an' 'twas nice of ye. But why don't ye grease that wheel?"

"Grease it—how?" asked Dave, blankly.

"Why—but wait a minute. I guess I've got some grease in my waggin."

In a few moments the man climbed over the wall and removed the barrow wheel, then with a stick he applied grease liberally to the inside of the hub.

"There," he said, as he replaced the wheel. "S'pose ye try it now."

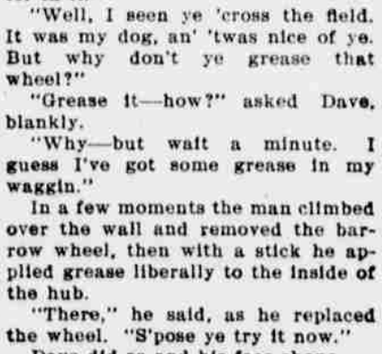
Dave did so and his face shone.

"Why, it don't make a bit of noise," he exclaimed. "It runs just as still as the rubber-tired carriage. I believe it'll get me the job."

Perhaps it did, and perhaps it was the way Dave worked. At any rate, when the owner paid him at the end of the month she said she had decided to engage him permanently.

The next day he sent for his mother and sister.

Willie's Problem.



"Now here is something very queer,"
Said thoughtful William Brown;
"I slipped UP on an orange peel,
Then why did I fall DOWN?"

Sammy Small's Song.

It's awful hard to be so small,
Even if stand on tippy-toe,
Big folks will get in front, you know,
And crowd us out, and stare, and stare,
And all the while they will declare
That they don't care for the old show,
But then, why do they scramble so?

Spider Web Thread.

Thread made from the spider's web is lighter and stronger than that which comes from the silkworm. In France there is a factory used only for the manufacture of spider's thread.

CHINA COMING TO THE FRONT.

Petrified Nation Sees the Virtues of Civilization.

The latest proof that China's face is set toward progress is found in the imperial decree recently issued promising a change of laws. While this decree does not promise a constitution, nevertheless it points in that direction, says the Pittsburg Gazette.

A more vital indication of progress is found in the recent imperial decree making some mastery of Western learning a condition of future employment in the Government service. This decree does not affect existing office holders, and does not apply to candidates for office who have already completed the prescribed course of Confucian learning and have received the first and second degrees.

But the significance of the decree found in the fact that it prescribes the identical condition for future candidates for office which the young Emperor prescribed eight years ago, and which led to the Boxer uprising. It is significant that the Dowager Empress, who then retired the young Emperor for his radicalism, now issues in his name the identical decree which produced the revolution.

A still more striking sign than this paper decree is found in the fact that Yuan Shih Kai, the leading Viceroy of the empire, has already established more than a thousand primary and secondary schools in the Chili province in order to prepare the young people of his province for the new Government courses. He is

Yuan Shih Kai.

attempting to introduce Western learning, and indeed the English language, into these schools as rapidly as possible.

An indication pointing to the growing influence of Japan in China is found in the fact that 11,000 Chinese students are now in Tokio striving to secure from the Government institutions and private schools the Western learning. The Young Men's Christian Association in Shanghai has seen the significance of this movement, and has sent two American and three or four young Chinese Christians to Tokio to keep in touch with this group of Chinese students As some Chinese students are returning from and going to Tokio each month at least 15,000 young Chinamen will pursue their studies in the Japanese capital in 1906. As these young men will furnish the future Yuan Shih Kais, Chang Chih-tungs and Wu Ting Fangs of China one can readily see the influence which the Japanese will acquire in the Chinese Empire. At least 2,000 or 3,000 of these young men would have studied in the United States had it not been for our harsh enforcement of the exclusion law. It now looks as if Japan will become the schoolmaster of the Orient, as Germany has been the schoolmaster of Europe and America. But the United States may lead the race after it is out of school.

Another sign of the times is the increase of the postoffices and the increase of newspapers, especially along the eastern side of the empire. The number is still pitifully small, but the rate of increase is a just cause of surprise and a striking indication of progress. In Tien-tsin four years ago three newspapers were published. To-day twenty-three newspapers are published in that northern port. It is at least significant that the only newspaper on earth published by a woman and for women is now published in Pekin.

Perhaps the most striking indication of the Chinese desire for Western progress is found in the recent imperial decree attempting to establish the Christian Sabbath. The decree makes the Sabbath day a legal holiday. It is not probable that the decree will be largely followed throughout China, as, indeed, it is not probable that Chang Chih-tung's decree in regard to the New Testament will be largely observed. These decrees, however, show the aspirations of the Chinese for Western civilization.

Poison From Caterpillars.

Several kinds of hairy caterpillars are known to have a poisonous effect on the human skin, notably the caterpillar of the processionary moth, so called because the caterpillars march in procession after their food. The scientist Reaumur found that this caterpillar's hairs caused him considerable suffering in the hands for some days and that when he rubbed his eyes his eyelids, too, were inflamed. Even approaching too near the nests of these caterpillars has caused painful swellings on the necks of certain persons, from the caterpillar hairs floated by the winds.

AGE INFLUENCE ON CHILDREN.

Brightest Are Born to Parents Near Fifty Years Old.

That the race would be better off were no children born to parents not near the 50-year mark is the astonishing theory of C. L. Redfield, a well-known Chicago scientist.

Mr. Redfield contends that the later in the life of the parent that the child is born the more will the child show evidence of inheriting the benefit of the long experience of life enjoyed by the parent. In a collection of interesting figures and statistics he goes on to show that the sons of men more than 50 years of age have in nearly all cases shown evidence of marked ability above that of the offspring of parents of fewer years.

"If the father is an elderly man the child, I believe is predestined to partake of the sounder judgement of the parent, formed through years of experience in buffeting with the world," he writes. As a preliminary to the inauguration of the reform which Mr. Redfield favors, he would absolutely prohibit the marriage of men at less than 21 years, and of women at less than 18 years.

"With very early reproduction restricted two generations would see our pauper and crimminal classes practically extinct," he says.

Mr. Redfield gives the following concise explanation of his theory that men of mature years are better calculated to be fathers than the younger men:

"Under uniform conditions the healthy man usually attains the best physical development between the ages of 25 and 30, and maintains it for some time between 40 and 50. Occasionly he comes to physical maturity at an earlier age, and sometimes he retains his strength beyond 50, and even beyond 60.

"The growth and development of the brain are similar to those of the body, but are continued for a much longer time. The brain differs from the body in that its functual capacity may be enormously increased without apparent increase in size. For what length of time the brain continues to grow is uncertain, and the brain is made more capacious by intellectual activity."

Here are some of the conspicious examples of men born of parents well along in years, cites Mr. Redfield:

"Sir Francis Bacon, John Hunter, William Pitt, Shakespere, Cromwell, Cuvier, Lamarack, Napoleon, Moses, Isaac, Solon, Confucius, Buddha, Mohammed, Alexander the Great, Philip of Macedon, Aristotle, Alcibiades, Pericles, Agustus Cesar, Julius Cesar.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the above Court on Monday, the third day of June, A. D., 1907, at ten o'clock a. m., under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, A. D., 1874, and the supplements thereto, by M. N. Halkowicz, Dominick Rugala, John Branicz and George Copcha of the Borough of Mount Carmel, Pa., and Filim Fludowicz and Nycola Palcowicz of the Borough of Centralia, Pa., for the charter of an intended corporation to be call'ed "Russian Saint Demetry Beneficial Society," of Centralia, Pa., the purpose and object of which is to maintain and support its members in case of sickness, injury or death, and those dependent upon them, from funds collected therein and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

WALTER & HUGHES,
EDWARD J. FLYNN,
Solicitors.

Centralia, Pa., April 29, 1907. 5-2-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Peter McAndrew, late of Conyngham Township, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Peter McAndrew, late of the Township of Conyngham, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

MICHAEL J. MONAGHAN,
Administrator, Ashland, Pa.

Edward J. Flynn, Attorney. 5-2-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of J. H. Beishline, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of J. H. beishline, late of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WILLIAM BEISHLINE,
Administrator.
Orangeville, Pa

4-18-6t

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Cornelius Cronin, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Cornelius Cronin, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

ELIZABETH CRONIN,
Administratrix,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

John G. Harman, Attorney. 4-4-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of A. J. Derr, late of Greenwood Township, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of A. J. Derr, late of Greenwood township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased have been granted to John G. Harman, Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOHN G. HARMAN,
Executor.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

4-4-6t.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Ent Building, Coust House Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg, Pa
Oct. 31, 1901. tf*

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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all loses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

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All work warranted as represented
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Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
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7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

EDWARD. FLYNN,
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CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office :—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' uilding over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

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OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5.30 to 8 p. m.
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	Cash Capital.	Total Assets	SO CV
Franklin of Phila	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,
Penn'a Phila.	400,000	3,825,160	1
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,688,915	1.
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,807	
N. America, Phila.	3,000,00	9,[illegible]79	2

Office Clark Building

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 6, 1907.

There are more than forty of the fifty-seven counties in this State which will elect members of the Democratic County committee at the Uniform Primaries. There was no legal requirement for this because the rules of the party were paramount in the matter. But the fact that those counties have determined on that course puts it up to the Democratic voters to make fit selections. The hope of the party lies in the organization. The County Committeemen select the Chairmen of the county committees and they are in turn the members of the State Committee which is the Supreme court of the party. If active, earnest and faithful Democrats are chosen for membership of the County Committees they are reasonably certain to choose fit men for membership of the State Committee, and that accomplished there isn't much doubt of the rest.

The Democratic party of Pennsylvania is in better shape now than it has been for years The exposure of graft and other iniquities of the Republican party have practically put that party out of the running for the office of State Treasurer next fall. One of the leading Republican Senators said to me the other day that the Republican candidate for State Treasurer in this State will have no better chance for election next fall than the Republican candidate in Georgia or Texas. But even at that the party can't afford to make sacrifices. In other words an intelligent, faithful and efficient organization is as essential to success this year as any other year and though things are going our way we can't afford to have either a lethargic or a recreant organization.

Of late years the Democrats have been altogether too careless about such things. There have been, within a decade, Chairmen of County Committees who didn't take enough interest in the party affairs to answer the letters of inquiry of the State Chairman. However able and earnest the State Chairman may be, under such circumstances he is unable to achieve results. It is a prerequisite to success that the organization be active as well as honest. Our misfortune in recent years is that these essentials have not been fulfilled. The committeemen may have been honest enough but they have lacked energy and interest. At least they have failed to prove their faith by works and the hopes of more than one State Chairman have been disappointed because of the delinquency of his staff, for the County Committeemen hold that relationship to him.

BAD BLUNDER OF THE MACHINE.

The political incident in the Legislature last week was the defeat of the resolution of Representative Flynn, of Elk county, conveying an expression of popular appreciation of State Treasurer Berry's exposure of the capitol graft and pledging him moral support in his resistance of predatory raids upon the treasury. It wasn't expected that the machine representatives in the Legislature would enjoy bestowing compliments on Mr. Berry who of all men they hate most intensely. But nobody dreamed that they would "come out in the open" in sheltering corruption. It was believed that they would assume a virtue," as Hamlet suggested to his mother, and when with practical unanimity the whole lot tumbled headlong into the trap, even those who hoped for such a result were amazed. A veteran politician who was present, one who enjoyed the confidence of Quay to the full measure, remarked, on hearing of the incident that it used to be comparatively safe to depend on the Democrats to make a fatal blunder at the opportune time, but during all the era of Democratic stupidity that party never sounded the depths of sottishness as the Republicans of the Legislature are doing this year.

But for the exposure of graft made by Mr. Berry the people never would have known that the resources of the State had been shamefully squandered by a band of political pirates on plunder bent. But for that, the machine would still be in undisputed control of the affairs of the State and the grafting operations now in progress. But for his courage and fidelity to duty Architect Huston would have secured another $100,000 payment and Contractor Sanderson more than that amount in addition to the millions he had already stolen. Of course the honest people of the commonwealth appreciate that splendid service rendered by Mr. Berry and would have been glad to have their representatives in the Legislature convey to him an expression of the fact. But the disappointed and now imperiled machine managers couldn't afford to thus caress the hand that smote them and every member of the body of that party faith except eight, Messrs Martin, McJunkin, McKean, Mickey. Oster, Samuel B. Scott, Townsend and Yeager, voted against the resolution. It is worthy of notice that Hitchcock, of Tioga, the sham reformer, is not in this roll of honor. He obeyed the machine mandate as promptly as any of the servile slaves who make no false professions of honesty.

BUSY WEEK IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Last week was a period of achievement in the matter of legislation. The House held three sessions a day as usual and most of them were drawn out to something more than the usual length. The body is doing good work, moreover, which is gratifying, if not surprising. That is to say it has passed some very excellent legislation which will, of course, be buried in the Senatorial sarcophagus later on. It fails in important emergencies, some times, however, as in the defeat of the resolution to put the Oster bill providing for the sale of unused or misused railroad franchises on the calendar. That bill was aimed at the South Penn railroad which was chartered back in the early eighties for the purpose of creating competitive railroad facilities between the Eastern and Western borders of the State. After several millions had been expended on the enterprises the property was absorbed by the Pennsylvania railroad and abandoned. Of course that action deprives the people of the Southern tier of counties of needed railroad facilities and those of all sections of competitive service.

The argument against the Oster bill was that the present owners, having expended vast sums of money to acquire the property, the seizure and sale of it would be something in the nature of a confiscation. That is literally absurd. In the beginning the purchase was made in violation of the fundamental law of the State and consequently invalid. Therefore the purchasers have no claim to consideration. The only just claim in connection with the transaction is that the people who were outraged by the juggling of the franchises. The only purpose of a railroad charter is to provide the people with needed facilities to operate their business and enjoy the pursuit of happiness Some of the corporation pirates imagine that charters are for the purpose of giving them, for nothing, valuable property, which they immediately christen "vested rights" That is utterly and criminally absurd and in the case in question a full measure of justice would not only confiscate the property but would put those concerned in the original crime in the penitentiary.

There is a hopeful sign in the fact that Creasy's "trust busting" bill got through the House finally and is likely to get through the committee of the Senate, even if it gets no further. This achievement of the Democrats of the House is the fruit of vigilance, energy, assiduity and courage. Early in the session there were signs of differences in purpose among the Democrats which were ominous. But lately that admirable little group of earnest men have been pulling together splendidly and efficiently. It would take too much space to name all of them and where all are efficient it is invidious to make distinctions. But I may be permitted to refer especially to Minehart, Sipes, Blakeslee, Dersham, McIntyre, Price, Noll, Troxell and Enright, who have supported the honest leadership of Mr. Creasy with courage and consistency. It makes one proud of his party to witness such fidelity in an era of recreancy.

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WHERE THE LOOT WAS USED.

From the first announcement of graft in the construction of the capital there have been suspicions that part of the loot went toward making up deficits in the State Treasury. Immediately upon the announcement of the election of Mr. Berry to the office, the machine managers got busy at the task of getting affairs in order. They worked day and night during the six months which intervened before the transfer of the office and at that time exultingly declared that everything was in good order. Wonders had been achieved, beyond question and on the face of things, there was no cause of complaint. Some of them actually "poked fun" at Mr. Berry because the campaign predictions hadn't been fulfilled. Mr. Berry was a good deal surprised himself, it may be added, to find conditions so satisfactory. He knew that the Enterprise bank defalcation had been repaired though he didn't know where the money came from. It was suggested that possibly the graft mill had been grinding grist for that purpose, but being a just man Mr. Berry said that would be impossible without the connivance of certain bankers.

It has since developed, however, that a very considerable portion of the graft was used in that way and that not only the Enterprise bank deficit but shortages of other banks were made up through the collusion of certain bankers. Of course this puts the bankers concerned in the crimes on the same level with other embezzlers and forgers and will probably result in their "doing time" in the penitentiary. But they are entitled to precisely the same treatment which would be meted out to less prosperous criminals and I hope the courts will not be too much inclined to leniency. Lincoln Steffens ascribes most of the corruption in public life to the willingness of what are termed the "Captains of Industry" to encourage misfeasances and share in the spoils. He never wrote a truer thing and to my mind punishment ought to be graduated according to the wealth of the criminal. A millionaire forger or robber should get ten times as long a sentence as one in poverty. In nine cases out of ten he is influenced to the crimes by baser motives. Avarice is among the basest of all evil passions.

The sessions of the Investigating Commission will be held in private, hereafter, and for sufficient reason. The public hearings revealed too frequently the plans of the distinguished lawyers conducting the investigation. For example the value of the testimony of S. M. Williams who is said to have got $10,000 of hush money from Congressman Cassell who mulcted the State out of a million and a half on the contract for steel filing cases was greatly impaired because somebody prevailed on Williams to forget certain salient facts. The commission will get all the information on the subject it requires, however, and the attempt to miscarry justice in that instance will fail. In fact enough evidence has already been obtained to send several of the conspirators to the penitentiary and force others to make restitution and both of these ends will be fulfilled.

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COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Continued from 1st page.

Mummy on the ground of absence of material witness. Case continued.

In the estate of John Kelchner, late of Center township, report of auditor was confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Mahetable Albertson, deceased, the auditor's report making distribution was confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Wm. Fetterman, deceased, the report of W. H. Rhawn, Esq., auditor, was confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers in favor of a county bridge over Musser's run in Cleveland township near Elias Mowery's, confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers in favor of a county bridge over Scotch run in Beaver township, near Mifflin X Roads, confirmed ni si.

Report of reviewers against a public road in Cleveland township, near John Brofee's confirmed nisi.

Petition of Harold C. Ervin, minor child of Isaac Ervin, deceased, for the appointment of a guardian. Court appointed Peter B. Ervin guardian.

C. W. Sweppenheiser, Center township; W. P. Zehner, Main; J. V. McHenry, Stillwater; M. E. Bloom, Conyngham; H. H. Billig, Locust; L. M. Sleppy, Bloomsburg; James Quick, Montour; F. P. Davis, Mt. Pleasant; Benj. Pennypacker, Mifflin, who had been elected tax collectors at the recent election, presented their bonds with securities, which were approved by the Court.

In the estate of George Smith, deceased, the report of sale was confirmed nisi.

Com. vs. Golen Alterius, alias Frank Reade, et al. Saturday, May 11, at 10 o'clock, is fixed as the time for the reading of the sheriff's return of sale of the real estate of the above defendant.

Upon petition presented by John G. Harman, Esq., Court appointed D. W. Robbins constable of Pine township in place of T. B. Gordner who moved out of the township.

Com. vs. Frank German and Pierce Burke, charge breaking and entering three cottages, S. C. Creasy, prosecutor. The bail, John German and H. C. Burke surrendered the defendants into the custody of the sheriff.

The grand jury returned the following true bills:

Com. vs. George Edgar and John Nevil, larceny; a true bill. Wm. H. Snyder, prosecutor.

Com. vs. George Edgar and John Nevil, larceny and receiving; a true bill. A. M. Wintersteen prosecutor.

Com. vs. Geo. Golsone, larceny and receiving, etc.; a true bill. D. T. Rusk, prosecutor.

Com. vs. Elizabeth Earhart, keeping a bawdy house; a true bill. Miles Betz, prosecutor.

The application of Michael McDonald for a bail piece in the case of Com. vs. James Hayden was argued by Edward Flynn, Esq., for the bail piece, and by John G. Harman, Esq., who opposed its being issued. This was a case in which the defendant was convicted of an assault and battery at the December sessions and sentenced to pay the costs, etc., a fine of $50, McDonald becoming his surety for the payment of the same. He desired to surrender the defendant to the custody of the Court so as to escape the responsibility of his bond and hence applied for the bail piece. After hearing argument of counsel the Court refused the petition.

W. H. Roberts filed his bond as tax collector for Catawissa township.

Joe Koris was sworn as interpreter to examine witnesses before the Grand Jury.

Upon petition presented by Robert Howell, Esq., a citation was ordered in the estate of Huston Robinson, deceased, directing C. L. Pohe, administrator of Wm. Robinson, deceased, who was the administrator of Huston Robinson, to file an account in said estate and also a rule was allowed to show cause why the sale of real estate made by Wm. Robinson should not be set aside. Returnable the first Monday in June.

In re road in Main and Roaring Creek townships, order to viewers continued to report at next term.

In the estate of Edward Thorpe, deceased, on motion of counsel the report of auditor continued until next term.

Henry C. Thomas, tax collector for the Borough of Catawissa, presented his bond which was approved by the Court.

Com. vs. Clyde Shuman; not a true bill.

Com. vs. Wm. Danes, false pretense; not a true bill.

Com. vs. James Bratc, assault and battery, with intent to kill; a true bill.

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